# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

**WASHINGTON, DC 20549** 

## **FORM 10-Q**

(Mark		COTION 12 OD 15(1) OF THE CEC		
×	QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SE			
	For	the quarterly period ended Septen	nber 30, 2024	
		OR		
	TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SE	ECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SEC	CURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934	
	For the	transition period from	_ to	
		Commission File Number: 001-	40546	
		XOMETRY, I ct Name of Registrant as Specified		
	Delaware			
	(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)		(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)	
	6116 Executive Blvd			
	Suite 800 North Bethesda, MD		20852	
	(Address of principal executive offices)		(Zip Code)	
	Registrant's	s telephone number, including area	code: (240) 335-7914	
	Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of th	e Act:	_	
	Tide of each alone	Trading	None of each amban a makish and the second	
Class	A common stock, par value \$0.00001 per share	Symbol(s) XMTR	Name of each exchange on which registered  The Nasdaq Global Select Market	
	onths (or for such shorter period that the registrant was		3 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the pr been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.	_
	•	* *	required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-nt was required to submit such files). Yes $\square$ No $\square$	T
			celerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging grouny," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exc	
Large	accelerated filer		Accelerated filer	
Non-a	accelerated filer		Smaller reporting company	
Emer	ging growth company $\Box$			
	emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the cial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section		ended transition period for complying with any new or revised	
Indica	te by check mark whether the registrant is a shell comp	pany (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exc	hange Act). Yes □ No ⊠	
	October 28, 2024, the registrant had 46,888,079 share: 0001 par value per share, outstanding.	s of Class A common stock, \$0.000001 pa	ar value per share, and 2,676,154 shares of Class B common sto	ock,

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#### SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), which statements involve substantial risks and uncertainties. Forward-looking statements generally relate to future events or our future financial or operating performance. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements because they contain words such as "may," "can," "will," "would," "should," "expects," "plans," "anticipates," "could," "intends," "target," "projects," "contemplates," "believes," "estimates," "predicts," "forecasts," "potential," or "continue" or the negative of these words or other similar terms or expressions that concern our expectations, strategy, plans or intentions. Forward-looking statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q include, but are not limited to, statements about:

- our expectations regarding our revenue, expenses and other operating results;
- the anticipated growth of our business, including our ability to effectively manage or sustain our growth and to achieve or sustain profitability;
- the effects of public health crises or other macroeconomic factors and geopolitical tension, which may lead to periods of global economic uncertainty;
- future investments in our business, our anticipated capital expenditures and our estimates regarding our capital requirements;
- · our ability to attract new buyers and suppliers and successfully engage new and existing buyers and suppliers;
- the costs and success of our sales and marketing efforts, and our ability to promote our brand;
- our reliance on key personnel and our ability to identify, recruit and retain skilled personnel;
- our ability to effectively manage our growth, including any international expansion;
- our ability to obtain, maintain, protect and enforce our intellectual property or other proprietary rights and any costs associated therewith;
- our ability to effectively manage our costs and expenses, which may be impacted by inflationary pressures;
- · our ability to compete effectively with existing competitors and new market entrants; and
- the growth rates of the markets in which we compete.

You should not rely on forward-looking statements as predictions of future events. We have based the forward-looking statements contained in this Form 10-Q primarily on our current expectations and projections about future events and trends that we believe may affect our business, financial condition and operating results. The outcome of the events described in these forward-looking statements is subject to risks, uncertainties and other factors described in the section titled Risk Factors Part II, Item 1A, and elsewhere in this Form 10-Q. Moreover, we operate in a very competitive and rapidly changing environment. New risks and uncertainties emerge from time to time, and it is not possible for us to predict all risks and uncertainties that could have an impact on the forward-looking statements contained in this Form 10-Q. The results, events and circumstances reflected in the forward-looking statements may not be achieved or occur, and actual results, events or circumstances could differ materially from those described in the forward-looking statements.

In addition, statements that "we believe" and similar statements reflect our beliefs and opinions on the relevant subject. These statements are based on information available to us as of the date of this Form 10-Q. And while we believe that information provides a reasonable basis for these statements, that information may be limited or incomplete. Our statements should not be read to indicate that we have conducted an exhaustive inquiry into, or review of, all relevant information. These statements are inherently uncertain, and investors are cautioned not to unduly rely on these statements.

The forward-looking statements made in this Form 10-Q relate only to events as of the date on which the statements are made. We undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statements made in this Form 10-Q to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this Form 10-Q or to reflect new information or the occurrence of unanticipated events, except as required by law. We may not actually achieve the plans, intentions or expectations disclosed in our forward-looking statements, and you should not place undue reliance on our forward-looking statements. Our forward-looking statements do not reflect the potential impact of any future acquisitions, mergers, dispositions, joint ventures or investments.

## PART I—FINANCIAL INFORMATION

## Item 1. Financial Statements.

## XOMETRY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share and per share data)

	Sep	tember 30,	De	December 31,		
		2024		2023		
Assets						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	17,430	\$	53,424		
Marketable securities		216,605		215,352		
Accounts receivable, less allowance for credit losses of \$3.4 million and \$2.4 million as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023		78,530		70,102		
Inventory		3,500		2,885		
Prepaid expenses		4,789		5,571		
Other current assets		4,855		8,897		
Total current assets		325,709		356,231		
Property and equipment, net		42,323		35,637		
Operating lease right-of-use assets		9,607		12,251		
Investment in unconsolidated joint venture		4,207		4,114		
Intangible assets, net		33,039		35,768		
Goodwill		262,955		262,915		
Other assets		368		471		
Total assets	\$	678,208	\$	707,387		
Liabilities and stockholders' equity						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	6,368	\$	24,710		
Accrued expenses		48,719		41,845		
Contract liabilities		8,303		7,357		
Income taxes payable		864		2,484		
Operating lease liabilities, current portion		6,638		6,799		
Total current liabilities		70,892	_	83.195		
Convertible notes		283,163		281,769		
Operating lease liabilities, net of current portion		6,729		10,951		
Deferred income taxes		245		275		
Other liabilities		819		778		
Total liabilities	_	361.848		376.968		
Commitments and contingencies (Note 13)		,		,		
Stockholders' equity						
Preferred stock, \$0.000001 par value. Authorized; 50,000,000 shares; zero shares issued and outstanding as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively		_		_		
Class A Common stock, \$0.00001 par value. Authorized; 750,000,000 shares; 46,768,801 shares and 45,489,379 shares issued and outstanding as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively		_		_		
Class B Common stock, \$0.000001 par value. Authorized; 5,000,000 shares; 2,676,154 shares issued and outstanding as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively		_		_		
Additional paid-in capital		674,335		648,317		
Accumulated other comprehensive income		1,282		855		
Accumulated deficit .		(360,384)		(319,872)		
Total stockholders' equity	-	315,233		329,300		
Noncontrolling interest		1,127		1,119		
Total equity		316,360		330,419		
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	678,208	\$	707,387		
	-	2.2,20		, , , , , , , , , ,		

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss (Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share and per share data)

		Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Months Ended September 30,			
		2024		2023		2024		2023	
Revenue	\$	141,698	\$	118,927	\$	396,983	\$	335,261	
Cost of revenue	Ψ	85,873	Ψ	72,678	Ψ	240,379	Ψ	206,087	
Gross profit	·	55,825		46,249		156,604		129,174	
Sales and marketing		27,204	-	23,210	-	81,891	-	68,315	
Operations and support		14,698		12,622		42,918		39,450	
Product development		9,344		8,523		28,952		25,570	
General and administrative		16,060		14,940		47,470		56,479	
Impairment of assets		_		151				397	
Total operating expenses		67,306		59,446		201,231		190,211	
Loss from operations		(11,481)		(13,197)		(44,627)		(61,037)	
Other income (expenses)								,	
Interest expense		(1,187)		(1,205)		(3,564)		(3,596)	
Interest and dividend income		2,781		2,994		8,275		8,648	
Other expenses		(444)		(597)		(1,064)		(1,156)	
Income from unconsolidated joint venture		162		134		493		437	
Total other income		1,312		1,326		4,140		4,333	
Loss before income taxes	<u>-</u>	(10,169)		(11,871)		(40,487)		(56,704)	
Provision for income taxes		(30)		(139)		(20)		(208)	
Net loss		(10,199)		(12,010)		(40,507)		(56,912)	
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest		`		13		5		9	
Net loss attributable to common stockholders	\$	(10,199)	\$	(12,023)	\$	(40,512)	\$	(56,921)	
Net loss per share, basic and diluted, of Class A and Class B common stock	\$	(0.21)	\$	(0.25)	\$	(0.83)	\$	(1.19)	
Weighted-average number of shares outstanding used to compute net loss per share, basic and diluted, of Class A and Class B common stock		49,282,164		47,989,277		48,901,475		47,852,671	
Net loss	\$	(10,199)	\$	(12,010)	\$	(40,507)	\$	(56,912)	
Comprehensive income:	Ψ	(10,177)	Ψ	(12,010)	Ψ	(10,507)	Ψ	(30,512)	
Foreign currency translation		795		91		430		450	
Total other comprehensive income	·	795		91		430		450	
Comprehensive loss		(9,404)		(11,919)		(40,077)		(56,462)	
Comprehensive (loss) income attributable to noncontrolling interest		(23)		21		(40,077)		45	
Total comprehensive loss attributable to common stockholders	\$	(9,381)	\$	(11,940)	\$	(40,085)	\$	(56,507)	

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity (Unaudited)

Three months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 (In thousands, except share and per share data)

	Class A - Com	mon S	tock	Class B - C Stoc			Additional Paid-In	Accumu Othe Comprel e	r	Accumulate d	Total Stockholder s'	Noncontrol ling	Total
	Shares	Ame	ount	Shares	Amount	_	Capital	Incor	ne	Deficit	Equity	Interest	Equity
Balance, June 30, 2024	46,322,81 0	\$		2,676,15 4	\$ -	- \$	,	\$	464	\$ (350,185)	315,834	\$ 1,150	
Exercise of common stock options	277,829		_	_	_	-	1,420		_	_	1,420	_	1,420
Vesting of restricted stock units	148,029		—	_	_	-	_		_	_	_	_	_
Donated common stock	20,133		_	_		-	406		_	_	406	_	406
Stock based compensation	_		—	_	_	-	6,954		_	_	6,954	_	6,954
Comprehensive loss													
Foreign currency translation	_		—	_	_	-	_		818	_	818	(23)	795
Net loss	_		_	_	_	-	_		_	(10,199)	(10,199)		(10,199)
Total comprehensive loss						_	<u> </u>				(9,381)	(23)	(9,404)
Balance, September 30, 2024	46,768,80	\$	_	2,676,15	<u>\$</u>	_ \$	674,335	\$	1,282	\$ (360,384)	\$ 315,233	\$ 1,127	\$ 316,360
Balance, June 30, 2023	45,243,44 7	\$	_	2,676,15 4	s –	- \$	,	\$	359	\$ (294,264)		\$ 1,114	\$ 342,476
Exercise of common stock options	33,516		—	_	_	-	284		_	_	284	_	284
Vesting of restricted stock units	49,193		—	_	_	-	_		_	_	_	_	_
Donated common stock	20,133		_	_	_	-	326		_	_	326	_	326
Stock based compensation	_		—	_	_	-	5,730		_	_	5,730	_	5,730
Comprehensive loss													
Foreign currency translation	_		—	_	_	-	_		83	_	83	8	91
Net (loss) income	_		_	_	_	-	_			(12,023)	(12,023)	13	(12,010)
Total comprehensive (loss) income	_		_	_	_	-	_		_		(11,940)	21	(11,919)
Balance, September 30, 2023	45,346,28 9	\$	_	2,676,15 4	<u>s</u> –	- \$	641,607	\$	442	\$ (306,287)	\$ 335,762	\$ 1,135	\$ 336,897

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity (Unaudited)

Nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 (In thousands, except share and per share data)

	Class A - Com	mon S	tock	Class B - Common Stock		Additional Paid-In			e Si	Total tockholder s'	Noncontrol ling		Total	
	Shares	Am	ount	Shares	Amount	Capital	Income	Deficit		Equity	Interest		Equity	
	45,489,37			2,676,15										
Balance, December 31, 2023	9	\$	_	4	\$ —	\$ 	\$ 855	\$ (319,87	2)	329,300	\$ 1,	119	\$ 330,419	
Exercise of common stock options	502,981		_			3,215	_	_	_	3,215		_	3,215	
Vesting of restricted stock units	642,833		_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_		_	_	
Exercise of warrants	52,126		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_		
Shared issued in business combination	21,083		_	_	_	625	_	_	-	625		—	625	
Donated common stock	60,399		_	_	_	1,063	_	_	-	1,063		—	1,063	
Stock based compensation	_		—	_	_	21,115	_	_	_	21,115		_	21,115	
Comprehensive loss														
Foreign currency translation	_		_	_	_	_	427	_	-	427		3	430	
Net (loss) income	_		_	_	_	_	_	(40,51	2)	(40,512)	)	5	(40,507)	
Total comprehensive (loss) income	_		_	_	_	_	_	_		(40,085)	)	8	(40,077)	
Balance September 30, 2024	46,768,80	\$	_	2,676,15 4	<u>\$</u>	\$ 674,335	\$ 1,282	\$ (360,38	4) \$	315,233	\$ 1,	127	\$ 316,360	
	44,822,26			2,676,15										
Balance, December 31, 2022	4	\$	—	4	\$ —	\$ 623,081	\$ 28	\$ (249,36	6)\$	373,743	\$ 1,	090	\$ 374,833	
Exercise of common stock options	202,423		_	_	_	1,428	_	_	-	1,428		—	1,428	
Vesting of restricted stock units	277,774		_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_		_	_	
Shared issued in business combination	3,562		_	_	_	180		_	_	180		_	180	
Donated common stock	40,266		_	_	_	696	_	<del>-</del>	-	696		—	696	
Stock based compensation	_		_	_	_	16,222		_	_	16,222		_	16,222	
Comprehensive loss														
Foreign currency translation	_		_	_	_	_	414	_	_	414		36	450	
Net (loss) income	_		_	_	_	_	_	(56,92	1)	(56,921)	)	9	(56,912)	
Total comprehensive (loss) income	_		_	_	_	_	_			(56,507)		45	(56,462)	
Balance, September 30, 2023	45,346,28 9	\$	_	2,676,15 4	<u> </u>	\$ 641,607	\$ 442	\$ (306,28	7) \$			135	\$ 336,897	

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited) (In thousands)

		Nine Months Ended September 3					
		2024	2023				
Cash flows from operating activities:							
Net loss	\$	(40,507) \$	(56,912)				
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:							
Depreciation and amortization		9,622	7,939				
Impairment of assets		_	397				
Reduction in carrying amount of right-of-use asset		3,328	13,257				
Stock based compensation		21,115	16,222				
Revaluation of contingent consideration		137	305				
Income from unconsolidated joint venture		(93)	(137				
Donation of common stock		1,063	696				
(Gain) loss on sale of property and equipment		(23)	92				
Inventory write-off		_	223				
Amortization of deferred costs on convertible notes		1,394	1,396				
Deferred taxes benefit		(30)	(66)				
Changes in other assets and liabilities:							
Accounts receivable, net		(8,263)	(14,873)				
Inventory		(598)	(17)				
Prepaid expenses		786	2,335				
Other assets		4,354	1,395				
Accounts payable		(18,293)	640				
Accrued expenses		6,782	1,032				
Contract liabilities		916	1,178				
Lease liabilities		(5,068)	(3,845)				
Other liabilities		529	_				
Income taxes payable		(1,620)	160				
Net cash used in operating activities		(24,469)	(28,583)				
Cash flows from investing activities:							
Purchases of marketable securities		(16,253)	(8,630)				
Proceeds from sale of marketable securities		15,000	30,000				
Purchases of property and equipment		(13,560)	(12,063)				
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment		79	223				
Cash paid for business combination, net of cash acquired		_	(3,349)				
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities		(14,734)	6,181				
Cash flows from financing activities:			·				
Proceeds from stock options exercised		3,215	1,428				
Net cash provided by financing activities		3,215	1,428				
Effect of foreign currency translation on cash and cash equivalents		(6)	(315				
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(35,994)	(21,289				
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period		53,424	65,662				
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	\$	17,430 \$	44,373				
	2	17,430 \$	44,373				
Supplemental cash flow information:							
Cash paid for interest	\$	2,875 \$	2,875				
Non-cash investing and financing activities:							
Non-cash consideration in connection with business combination		_	1,593				

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

## (1) Organization and Description of Business

Xometry, Inc. ("Xometry", the "Company", "we", or "our") was incorporated in the State of Delaware in May 2013. Xometry is a global artificial intelligence ("AI") powered online marketplace connecting buyers with suppliers of manufacturing services, driving the digital transformation of one of the largest industries in the world. We use our proprietary AI, machine learning and cloud-based services, including our Thomasnet® platform, to help buyers efficiently source custom-manufactured parts and assemblies, and empower suppliers of manufacturing services to grow their businesses. Xometry's corporate headquarters is located in North Bethesda, Maryland.

Our AI-enabled technology platform is powered by proprietary machine learning algorithms and datasets, resulting in a sophisticated two-sided marketplace that is rapidly digitizing the manufacturing industry. As a result, buyers can procure the products they want on demand, and suppliers can source new manufacturing opportunities that match their specific capabilities and capacity, ultimately resulting in locally resilient supply chains so goods can get to market faster. Every interaction on our marketplace provides rich data insights that allow us to continuously improve our AI models and create new products and services, fueling powerful network effects as we scale.

We use proprietary technology to enable product designers, engineers, buyers, and supply chain professionals to instantly access the capacity of a global network of manufacturing facilities. The Company's platform makes it possible for buyers to quickly receive pricing, expected lead times, manufacturability feedback and place orders on the Company's platform. The network allows the Company to provide high volumes of unique parts, including custom components and assemblies for its buyers.

Xometry's suppliers' capabilities include computer numerical control manufacturing, sheet metal forming, sheet cutting, 3D printing (including fused deposition modeling, direct metal laser sintering, PolyJet, stereolithography, selective laser sintering, binder jetting, carbon digital light synthesis, multi jet fusion and lubricant sublayer photo-curing), die casting, stamping, injection molding, urethane casting, tube cutting, tube bending, as well as finishing services, rapid prototyping and high-volume production. Xometry's extensible technology platform allows the Company to add new technologies and processes to gain more wallet share with our buyers.

We empower suppliers to grow their manufacturing businesses and improve machine uptime by providing access to an extensive, diverse base of buyers. We also offer suppliers supporting products and services to meet their unique needs. Through Thomasnet, a leading industrial sourcing platform in North America, we offer suppliers an array of digital advertising and marketing services and data solutions. In addition, our suite of supplier services includes financial service products to stabilize and enhance cash flow and a cloud-based manufacturing execution system to help suppliers optimize their productivity.

## (2) Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

## (a)Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") and applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") regarding interim financial reporting. Certain information and note disclosures normally included in the financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations. Therefore, these condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on February 29, 2024.

The Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2023, included herein, was derived from the audited financial statements as of that date, but may not include all disclosures including certain notes required by U.S. GAAP on an annual reporting basis. In the opinion of management, the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements reflect all normal recurring adjustments necessary to present fairly the financial position, results of operations, comprehensive loss, stockholders' equity and cash flows for the interim periods, but are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations to be anticipated for the full year 2024 or any future period. The Company has two reporting segments which are referred to as: (1) the United States ("U.S.") and (2) International.

Foreign Operations and Comprehensive Loss

The U.S. dollar ("USD") is the functional currency for Xometry's consolidated subsidiary operating in the U.S. The primary functional currency for the Company's consolidated subsidiaries operating in Germany and to a lesser extent, United Kingdom, Turkey, China and Japan, is the Euro, British Pound Sterling, Turkish Lira, Yuan and the Yen, respectively. For the Company's consolidated subsidiaries whose functional currencies are not the USD, the Company translates their financial statements into USD. The Company translates assets and liabilities at the exchange rate in effect as of the financial statement date. Revenue and expense accounts are translated using an average exchange rate for the period. Gains and losses resulting from translation are included in accumulated other comprehensive income, as a separate component of equity.

## Noncontrolling Interest

We have a 66.67% ownership in Incom Co., LTD. As we have a controlling interest in Incom Co., LTD, we have consolidated Incom Co., LTD into our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements. The portion of equity in Incom Co., LTD not owned by the Company is accounted for as a noncontrolling interest. We present the portion of any equity that we do not own in a consolidated entity as noncontrolling interest and classify their interest as a component of total equity, separate from total stockholders' equity on our Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. We include net (loss) income attributable to the noncontrolling interests in net loss in our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss.

#### (b) Use of Estimates

The preparation of the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions, which affect the reported amounts in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates

## (c)Business Combinations

The Company accounts for business combinations using the acquisition method of accounting, which requires, among other things, allocation of the fair value of purchase consideration to the tangible and intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed at their estimated fair values on the acquisition date. The excess of the fair value of purchase consideration over the values of these identifiable assets and liabilities is recorded as goodwill. When determining the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed, management makes significant estimates and assumptions, especially with respect to the valuation of intangible assets. Management's estimates of fair value are based upon assumptions believed to be reasonable, but which are inherently uncertain and unpredictable and, as a result, actual results may differ from estimates. During the measurement period, not to exceed one year from the date of acquisition, the Company may record adjustments to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed, with a corresponding offset to goodwill if new information is obtained related to facts and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition date. Upon the conclusion of the measurement period or final determination of the fair value of assets acquired or liabilities assumed, whichever comes first, any subsequent adjustments are reflected in the consolidated statements of operations. Acquisition costs, such as legal and consulting fees, are expensed as incurred.

## (d) Fair Value Measurements and Financial Instruments

The Company measures certain assets and liabilities at fair value on a recurring basis based on an expected exit price, which represents the amount that would be received on the sale of an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants. As such, fair value may be based on assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability.

The authoritative guidance on fair value measurements establishes a consistent framework for measuring fair value on either a recurring or nonrecurring basis, whereby inputs used in valuation techniques, are assigned a hierarchical level. The following are the hierarchical levels of inputs to measure fair value:

- Level 1 Observable inputs that reflect quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.
- Level 2 Inputs reflect quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in markets that are not active; quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the assets or liabilities; or inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs reflecting the Company's own assumptions incorporated in valuation techniques used to determine fair value. These assumptions are required to be consistent with market participant assumptions that are reasonably available.

The carrying amounts of certain of the Company's financial instruments, which include cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, prepaid expenses, other assets, accounts payable, accrued expenses and contract liabilities approximate their fair values due to their short maturities. The Company's marketable securities are recorded at fair value.

## (e) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash held in checking accounts. These investments are stated at cost, which approximates fair value.

## (f)Marketable Securities

The Company measures its marketable securities at fair value. The Company's marketable securities represent our investments in a short term money market fund. These marketable securities have maturities of three months or less. As of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the Company's marketable securities of \$216.6 million and \$215.4 million, respectively, were recorded at fair value, within Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. The fair value of the Company's Level 1 financial instruments is based on quoted prices in active markets, and total fair value is the published market price per unit multiplied by the number of units held without consideration of transaction costs, discounts or blockage factors.

## (g)Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are stated at the amount the Company expects to collect from outstanding balances. The Company's accounts receivable do not bear interest. Amounts collected on accounts receivable are included in net cash used in operating activities in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows. For buyers for which the Company provides credit, the Company performs credit inquiries, including reference checks, and queries credit ratings services and other publicly available information. Management provides for probable uncollectible amounts through a provision for bad debt expense and an adjustment to a valuation allowance based on the age of the outstanding amounts, each customer's expected ability to pay and collection history, current market conditions, and reasonable and supportable forecasts of future economic conditions to determine whether the allowance is appropriate. The Company reviews its valuation allowance monthly. Past due balances over 90 days and over a specified amount are reviewed individually for collectability. Balances that are still outstanding after management has used reasonable collection efforts are written off through a charge to the valuation allowance and a credit to accounts receivable.

#### Allowance For Credit Losses

The allowance for credit losses related to accounts receivable and changes were as follows (in thousands):

	2024		2023	
Allowance for credit losses				
Balance at beginning of year, January 1	\$	2,444	\$	1,988
Charge to provision accounts		2,086		2,186
Write-offs or other		(1,171)		(1,730)
Balance at period end, September 30 and December 31, respectively	\$	3,359	\$	2,444

## (h)Property and Equipment and Long-Lived Assets

Property and equipment are stated at cost. Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the assets, which range from two to nine years, or in the case of leasehold improvements, over the shorter of the remaining lease term or the useful life of the asset.

Property and equipment and intangible assets subject to amortization are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. If circumstances require a long-lived asset or asset group to be tested for possible impairment, the Company first compares undiscounted cash flows expected to be generated by that asset or asset group to its carrying amount. If the carrying amount of the long-lived asset or asset group is not recoverable on an undiscounted cash flow basis, an impairment is recognized to the extent that the carrying amount exceeds its fair value. Fair value is determined through various valuation techniques including discounted cash flow models, quoted market values and third-party independent appraisals, as considered necessary.

Property and equipment includes capitalized internal-use software development costs. Eligible internal-use software development costs are capitalized subsequent to the completion of the preliminary project stage. Such costs include internal and external direct development costs totaling \$12.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and \$19.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2023. After all substantial testing and deployment is completed and the software is ready for its intended use, capitalization is discontinued and the internal-use software costs are placed in service and amortized using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the software, generally three years.

## (i)Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess purchase price over the estimated fair value of net assets acquired in a business combination. As of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the Company's goodwill is attributable to both the U.S. and International reporting units. Goodwill is not amortized. The Company tests goodwill for impairment annually in the fourth quarter, or more frequently, if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of a reporting unit, including goodwill, might be impaired.

In testing for goodwill impairment, we first assess qualitative factors to determine whether the existence of events or circumstances leads to a determination that it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount. These qualitative factors assessed may include the following: (i) significant changes in the manner of our use of the assets or the strategy of our overall business, (ii) certain restructuring initiatives, (iii) significant negative industry or economic trends and (iv) significant decline in our share price for a sustained period. If, after assessing the totality of events or circumstances, we determine it is not more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount, then additional impairment testing is not required. However, if we conclude otherwise, we proceed to the quantitative assessment.

## (j)Revenue

The Company derives the majority of its U.S. and International marketplace revenue from the sale of parts and assemblies fulfilled using a vast network of suppliers. The Company recognizes revenue from the sales to our customers pursuant to Financial Accounting Standard Board's ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") *Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers* ("ASC 606").

The Company determines that a contract exists between the Company and the customer when the customer accepts the quote and places the order, all of which are governed by the Company's standard terms and conditions or other agreed terms with Xometry's buyers. Upon completion of an order through Xometry's platform, the Company identifies the performance obligation(s) within that order to complete the sale of the manufactured part(s) or assembly. Using Xometry's in-house technology, the Company determines the price for the manufactured part(s) or assembly on a stand-alone basis at order initiation. The Company recognizes revenue from sales to Xometry's customers upon shipment, at which point control over the part(s) or assembly have transferred.

The Company has concluded that the Company is principal in the sale of part(s) and assemblies that use the Company's network of third-party manufacturers because the Company controls the manufacturing by obtaining a right to direct a third-party manufacturer to fulfill the performance obligation Xometry has with the Company's customers on Xometry's behalf. The Company has considered the following conditions of the sale: (i) the Company has the obligation of providing the specified product to the customer, (ii) the Company has discretion with respect to establishing the price of the product and the price the Company pays the suppliers and the Company has margin risk on all of Xometry's sales, (iii) the Company has discretion in determining how to fulfill each order, including selecting the supplier and (iv) Xometry bears certain risk for product quality to the extent the customer is not satisfied with the final product.

Xometry also derives revenue from its supplier services which is a suite of services offered to our suppliers. Revenue also includes the sale of marketing services which includes advertising. This revenue is generally recognized as control is transferred to the customer, in an amount reflecting the consideration we expect to be entitled to in exchange for such product or service. From time to time, a purchase order with a customer may involve multiple performance obligations, including a combination of some or all of our products. Judgment may be required in determining whether products are considered distinct performance obligations that should be accounted for separately or as one combined performance obligation. Revenue is recognized over the period or at the point in time in which the performance obligations are satisfied. Consideration is typically determined based on a fixed unit price for the quantity of product transferred. For purchase orders involving multiple performance obligations, the transaction price is allocated to each performance obligation based on relative standalone selling price, and recognized as revenue when each individual product or service is transferred to the customer.

Revenue is shown net of estimated returns, refunds, and allowances. At each of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the Company has a provision for estimated returns, refunds or allowances of approximately \$0.1 million.

Sales tax and, if applicable, duties and/or tariffs collected from customers and remitted to governmental authorities is excluded from revenue.

## Contract Liabilities

Contract liabilities are primarily derived from payments received in advance or at the time an order is placed, for which the associated performance obligations have not been satisfied and revenue has not been recognized based on the Company's revenue recognition criteria described above.

The following table presents contract liabilities as of December 31, 2023 and September 30, 2024 (in thousands):

Rollforward of contract liabilities:	
Contract liabilities at December 31, 2023	\$ 7,357
Revenue recognized	(150,697)
Payments received in advance	151,643
Contract liabilities at September 30, 2024	\$ 8,303

During the nine months ended September 30, 2024, the Company recognized approximately \$6.5 million of revenue related to its contract liabilities as of December 31, 2023.

Sales Contract Acquisition Costs

The Company's incremental costs to obtain a contract may include a sales commission which is generally determined on a per order basis. For marketplace contracts, the Company recognizes costs over a period of one year or less. For supplier service contracts in excess of one year, the Company amortizes such costs on a straight-line basis over the average customer life of two years for new customers and over the renewal period for existing customers which is generally one year. Sales commissions are included in the Company's sales and marketing expenses in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, the Company recognized approximately \$1.3 million and \$5.7 million, respectively, of amortization related to deferred sales commissions. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 the Company recognized approximately \$2.0 million and \$6.0 million, respectively, of amortization related to deferred sales commissions. As of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the Company had deferred sales contract acquisition costs of \$0.6 million and \$3.1 million, respectively, which is classified in other current assets on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets.

## (k) Cost of Revenue

Cost of revenue for marketplace primarily consists of the cost of the products that are manufactured or produced by the Company's suppliers for delivery to buyers on the Company's platform, internal and external production costs, shipping costs, and certain internal depreciation.

Cost of revenue for supplier services primarily consists of internal and external production costs and website hosting.

## (l) Leases

The Company determines if an arrangement contains a lease and the classification of that lease, if applicable, at its inception. Operating leases are included in operating lease right-of-use ("ROU") assets, operating lease liabilities, current portion and operating lease liabilities, net of current portion in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. For leases with terms of twelve months or less, the Company does not recognize ROU assets or lease liabilities on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. Additionally, the Company elected to use the practical expedient to not separate lease and non-lease components for leases of real estate, meaning that for these leases, the non-lease components are included in the associated ROU asset and lease liability balances on the Company's Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets.

ROU assets represent the Company's right to use an underlying asset for the lease term and lease liabilities represent the Company's obligation to make lease payments under the lease. Operating lease ROU assets and lease liabilities are recognized at the lease commencement date based on the present value of lease payments over the lease term. The implicit rate within the Company's operating leases is generally not determinable, as such the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate at lease commencement to determine the present value of lease payments. The operating lease ROU asset also includes any lease prepayments, offset by lease incentives. Certain of the Company's leases include options to extend or terminate the lease. The expected lease term includes options to extend or terminate the lease when it is reasonably certain the Company will exercise such option.

Lease expense is recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

## (m) Sales and Marketing

Sales and marketing expenses are expensed as incurred and include the costs of digital marketing strategies, branding costs and other advertising costs, certain depreciation and amortization expense, contract acquisition costs and compensation expenses, including stock-based compensation, to the Company's sales and marketing employees. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 the Company's advertising cost were \$9.4 million and \$26.5 million, respectively. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 the Company's advertising cost were \$7.7 million and \$23.4 million, respectively.

## (n) Operations and Support

Operations and support expenses are the costs the Company incurs in support of the customers and suppliers on Xometry's platforms which are provided by phone, email and chat for purposes of resolving customer and supplier related matters. These costs primarily consist of compensation expenses of the support staff, including stock-based compensation, certain depreciation and amortization expense and software costs used in delivering customer and supplier services.

## (o) Product Development

Product development costs which are not eligible for capitalization are expensed as incurred. This account also includes compensation expenses, including stock-based compensation to the Company's employees performing routine improvements and maintenance on our platforms not related to a specific capitalizable project, software costs and certain depreciation and amortization expense.

#### (p) General and Administrative

General and administrative expenses primarily consist of compensation expenses, including stock-based compensation expenses, for executive, finance, legal and other administrative personnel, professional service fees and certain depreciation and amortization expense.

## (q) Stock Based Compensation

All stock-based compensation, including stock options, restricted stock units and performance restricted stock units ("PRSUs"), are measured at the grant date fair value of the award. The Company estimates grant date fair value of stock options using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. The fair value of stock options, PRSUs and restricted stock units is recognized as compensation expense on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period, which is typically three to four years. The fair value of the restricted stock units and PRSUs is determined using the fair value of the Company's Class A common stock on the date of grant. Forfeitures are recorded in the period in which they occur.

The Black-Scholes model considers several variables and assumptions in estimating the fair value of stock-based awards.

These variables include:

- expected annual dividend yield;
- expected volatility over the expected term;
- expected term;
- risk free interest rate;
- per share value of the underlying common stock; and
- exercise price.

For all stock options granted, the Company calculated the expected term using the simplified method for "plain vanilla" stock option awards. The risk-free interest rate is based on the yield available on U.S. Treasury issuances similar in duration to the expected term of the stock-based award. The Company estimates its expected share price volatility based on the historical volatility of publicly traded peer companies and/or its own volatility and expects to continue to do so until such time as it has adequate historical data regarding the volatility of its own traded share price. The Company utilized a dividend yield of zero, as it had no history or plan of declaring dividends on its common stock.

The fair value for PRSUs is recognized on a ratable basis over the requisite service period of three years when it is probable the performance conditions of the awards will be met. The Company reassesses the probability of vesting at each reporting period and adjusts the total compensation expense of the award based on this probability assessment.

## (r) Net Loss Per Share Attributable to Common Stockholders

The Company computes net loss per share using the two-class method required for multiple classes of common stock and participating securities. The two-class method requires income available to common stockholders for the period to be allocated between common stock and participating securities based upon their respective rights to receive dividends as if all income for the period had been distributed. Certain unvested share-based payment awards that contain nonforfeitable rights to dividends are treated as participating securities and therefore included in computing net income per share using the two-class method. The rights, including the liquidation and dividend rights, of the Class A common stock and Class B common stock are substantially identical, other than voting rights. Accordingly, the Class A common stock and Class B common stock shared proportionately in the Company's net losses.

## (s) Recently Issued Accounting Standards

In November 2023, the FASB issued Accounting Standard Update ("ASU") No. 2023-07, Segment Reporting (Topic 280): Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures, which requires a public entity to disclose significant segment expenses and other segment items on an annual and interim basis and provide in interim periods all disclosures about a reportable segment's profit or loss and assets that are currently required annually. Additionally, it requires a public entity to disclose the title and position of the Chief Operating Decision Maker ("CODM"). The ASU does not change how a public entity identifies its operating segments, aggregates them, or applies the quantitative thresholds to determine its reportable segments. The new standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024, with early adoption permitted. A public entity should apply the amendments in this ASU retrospectively to all prior periods presented in the financial statements. We expect this ASU to only impact our disclosures with no impacts to our results of operations, each flows and financial condition.

In December 2023, the FASB issued ASU No. 2023-09, Income Taxes (Topic 740): Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures, which focuses on the rate reconciliation and income taxes paid. ASU No. 2023-09 requires a public entity to disclose, on an annual basis, a tabular rate reconciliation using both percentages and currency amounts, broken out into specified categories with certain reconciling items further broken out by nature and jurisdiction to the extent those items exceed a specified threshold. In addition, all entities are required to disclose income taxes paid, net of refunds received disaggregated by federal, state/local, and foreign and by jurisdiction if the amount is at least 5% of total income tax payments, net of refunds received. For public entities, the new standard is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2024, with early adoption permitted. An entity may apply the amendments in this ASU prospectively by providing the revised disclosures for the period ending December 31, 2025, and continuing to provide the pre-ASU disclosures for the prior periods, or may apply the amendments retrospectively by providing the revised disclosures for all period presented. We expect this ASU to only impact our disclosures with no impacts to our results of operations, cash flows, and financial condition.

There are currently no other accounting standards that have been issued, but not yet adopted, that are expected to have a significant impact on the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows upon adoption.

## (3) Credit Concentrations

Financial instruments which potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents, marketable securities and accounts receivable. The Company maintains its cash and cash equivalents and marketable securities, which at times may exceed federally insured limits, in deposit accounts at major financial institutions.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, no single buyer accounted for more than 10% of the Company's revenue. As of September 30, 2024, and December 31, 2023, no single buyer accounted for more than 10% of the Company's accounts receivable. A majority of the Company's buyers are located in the United States.

## (4) Inventory

Inventory consists of raw materials, work-in-process and finished goods. Raw materials (plastics and metals) become manufactured products in the additive and subtractive manufacturing processes. Work-in-progress represents manufacturing costs associated with customer orders that are not yet complete. Finished goods represents product awaiting shipment. Inventory consists of the following as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023 (in thousands):

	Sep	2024	Dec	2023
		2024		2023
Raw materials	\$	867	\$	1,129
Work-in-progress		1,219		696
Finished goods		1,414		1,060
Total	\$	3,500	\$	2,885

## (5) Property and Equipment and Long-Lived Assets

Property and equipment consist of the following as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023 (in thousands):

	Se	eptember 30,	De	ecember 31,	
<u> </u>	Useful Life		2024		2023
Technology hardware	3 years	\$	3,631	\$	3,355
Manufacturing equipment	2 - 9 years	Ψ	5,591	Ψ	5,482
Capitalized software development	3 years		56,771		44,004
Leasehold improvements	Shorter of useful life or lease term		1,775		1,365
Furniture and fixtures	7 years		2,684		2,630
Total			70,452		56,836
Less accumulated depreciation			(28,129)		(21,199)
Property and Equipment, net		\$	42,323	\$	35,637

Depreciation and amortization expense for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 was as follows (in thousands):

	Th	Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Months Ended September 30,			
		2024		2023	2024			2023	
Cost of revenue	\$	183	\$	38	\$	549	\$	120	
Sales and marketing		24		29		77		33	
Operations and support		32		52		105		142	
Product development		1,940		1,252		5,786		3,872	
General and administrative		127		200		384		1,008	
Total depreciation and amortization expense	\$	2,306	\$	1,571	\$	6,901	\$	5,175	

## (6) Leases

Operating lease expense for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 was as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	2024		2023		2024		2023	
Cost of revenue	\$	18	\$	18	\$	54	\$	54
General and administrative		1,228		1,171		3,809		13,802
Total operating lease expense	\$	\$ 1,246		1,189	\$	3,863	\$	13,856

During the second quarter of 2023, following an assessment of its lease portfolio, the Company abandoned certain leases and/or portions of its leases in New York, NY, Horsham, PA, Culver City, CA, Doraville, GA and Gaithersburg, MD. As a result of abandoning these leases, the Company ceased its use of these locations and accelerated the amortization of the ROU assets to reduce the ROU assets carrying values to zero. The Company recognized a one-time charge of \$8.7 million of additional operating lease expense during the second quarter of 2023 in general and administrative on our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss. The Company will continue to pay the rent owed under the existing lease agreements.

## (7) Acquisition

Tridi

On January 2, 2023, the Company acquired Tridi Teknoloj A.S. ("Tridi") located in Istanbul, Türkiye pursuant to a Share Purchase Agreement. The acquisition of Tridi extends the Company's marketplace capabilities in Europe and provides the Company with access to the Turkish market. The Company accounted for the acquisition as a business combination. The goodwill of \$4.8 million arising from the acquisition of Tridi related to expected synergies including access to the Turkish market and an established supplier network. The goodwill is included in our International reporting segment and is not deductible for tax purposes. The aggregate non-contingent portion of the purchase price was approximately \$3.8 million in cash, of which approximately \$0.4 million

was withheld and paid during the first quarter of 2024. In addition, the purchase price included a contingent consideration arrangement to the former owner of Tridi up to a maximum amount of \$1.25 million (undiscounted) in shares of the Company's Class A common stock in two installments on the first and second anniversary of the acquisition. The contingent consideration arrangement is tied to the achievement of revenue thresholds. The initial fair value of the contingent consideration of \$0.9 million was estimated by applying an income valuation approach. The measurement is based on inputs that are not observable in the market (Level 3 inputs). Key assumptions made include (a) discount rate and (b) probability weighted assumptions about achieving revenue thresholds. As of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the total contingent consideration had a fair value of \$0.6 million and \$1.1 million, respectively. During the quarter ended March 31, 2024, the Company recorded an approximate \$0.1 million increase to the contingent consideration liability with a corresponding expense recognized in general and administrative expense on our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss. In February 2024, the Company issued 21,083 shares of Class A common stock with a value of \$0.6 million to the former owners of Tridi with respect to the first installment.

The following table (in thousands) summarizes the consideration paid for Tridi and the final fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed on the acquisition date:

Consideration:	
Cash	\$ 3,824
Settlement of preexisting relationship	357
Fair value of contingent consideration	860
Fair value of consideration	5,041
Recognized amounts of identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed:	
Current assets	460
Property and equipment	22
Intangible asset	96
Current liabilities	(373)
Total identifiable net assets assumed	205
Goodwill	4,836
Total	\$ 5,041

The estimated fair value of the intangible asset acquired was determined by the Company. The Company engaged a third-party expert to assist with the valuation analysis. The Company used a cost method to estimate the fair value of the vendor relationship using Level 3 inputs. The useful life of the vendor relationship is 10 years.

Tridi's results of operations were included in the Company's consolidated financial statements from the date of acquisition, January 2, 2023.

## (8) Disaggregated Revenue and Cost of Revenue Information

The following table presents our revenue and cost of revenue disaggregated by line of business. Revenue from our marketplace primarily reflects the sales of parts and assemblies on our platform. Revenue from supplier services primarily includes the sale of digital advertising and marketing services, and to a lesser extent financial service products, SaaS products and tools and materials (our "tools and materials business"), which we previously referred to as our "supplies business").

Revenue and cost of revenue is presented in the following tables for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively (in thousands):

	,	Three Months End	led Septe	mber 30,	Nine Months Ended September 30,				
Marketplace		2024		2023	2024		2023		
Revenue	\$	126,965	\$	102,473	\$ 351,438	\$	282,664		
Cost of revenue		84,347		70,578	235,278		196,240		
Gross Profit	\$	42,618	\$	31,895	\$ 116,160	\$	86,424		
Supplier Services									
Revenue	\$	14,733	\$	16,454	\$ 45,545	\$	52,597		
Cost of revenue		1,526		2,100	5,101		9,847		
Gross Profit	\$	13,207	\$	14,354	\$ 40,444	\$	42,750		

## (9) Investment in Unconsolidated Joint Venture

The Company has a 50% interest in Industrial Media, LLC ("IM, LLC") with the other 50% owned by Rich Media Group, LLC. IM, LLC primarily manages content creation, advertising sales, and marketing initiatives for the Industrial Engineering News brand, certain magazines, videos, website and associated electronic media products for industrial engineers.

The Company receives dividends from IM, LLC, which are recorded as a reduction to the Company's investment in unconsolidated joint venture on our Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. For the three months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, the Company received dividends of \$0.1 million and \$0.2 million, respectively, and for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, the Company received dividends of \$0.4 million and \$0.3 million, respectively. The Company recorded expense to IM, LLC of \$0.1 million for both the three months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 and \$0.2 million for both the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023.

## (10) Stock Based Compensation

In 2014, the Company adopted a stock compensation plan (the "2014 Equity Incentive Plan") pursuant to which the Company may grant stock options, stock purchase rights, restricted stock awards, or stock awards to employees, directors and consultants (including prospective employees, directors, and consultants). This plan was terminated in February 2016. No additional awards may be granted under the 2014 Equity Incentive Plan, however, outstanding awards continue in full effect in accordance with their existing terms.

In 2016, the Company adopted a stock compensation plan (the "2016 Equity Incentive Plan") pursuant to which the Company may grant stock options, stock purchase rights, restricted stock awards, or stock awards to employees, directors and consultants (including prospective employees, directors, and consultants). No additional awards may be granted under the 2016 Equity Incentive Plan, however, outstanding awards continue in full effect in accordance with their existing terms.

In connection with the Company's initial public offering on July 2, 2021, the Company's board of directors adopted the 2021 Equity Incentive Plan (the "2021 Equity Incentive Plan provides for the grant of incentive stock options ("ISOs"), non-statutory stock options ("NSOs"), stock appreciation rights, restricted stock awards, restricted stock unit awards, performance-based awards and other awards, or collectively, awards. Awards may be granted to Xometry employees, Xometry's non-employee directors and consultants/contractors and the employees and consultants/contractors of Xometry affiliates. ISOs may be granted only to Xometry employees and the employees of Xometry affiliates.

As of September 30, 2024, there were 6,761,037 shares available for the Company to grant under the 2021 Equity Incentive Plan.

## **Stock Options**

A summary of the status of the Company's stock option activity and the changes during the nine months ended September 30, 2024, are as follows (in millions, except share and per share amounts):

	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price Per Share	Average Remaining Contractual Term	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Exercisable at December 31, 2023	1,859,740	8.78	6.4	50.7
Balance at December 31, 2023	2,881,208	12.02	7.0	69.6
Granted	_	_	_	_
Exercised	(527,533)	6.77	_	_
Forfeited	(201,418)	23.02	_	_
Expired	(48,225)	28.11	_	_
Balance at September 30, 2024	2,104,032	11.92	6.1	17.9
Exercisable at September 30, 2024	1,749,212	10.48	5.8	16.9

No options were granted during the nine months ended September 30, 2024. The total intrinsic value of options exercised during the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, was \$6.3 million and \$2.5 million, respectively.

At September 30, 2024, there was approximately \$5.9 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to unvested stock options. That cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of approximately two years as of September 30, 2024.

The Company currently uses authorized and unissued shares to satisfy share award exercises.

## **Restricted Stock Units**

A summary of the status of the Company's restricted stock unit activity and the changes during the nine months ended September 30, 2024 are as follows (in millions, except share and per share amounts):

	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Grant Date fair value (per share)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Unvested RSUs as of December 31, 2023	1,769,874	22.50	63.6
Granted	1,910,579	18.20	_
Vested	(631,023)	21.69	_
Forfeited and cancelled	(554,658)	22.15	_
Unvested RSUs as of September 30, 2024	2,494,772	19.49	45.8

At September 30, 2024, there was approximately \$40.3 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to unvested restricted stock units granted under the 2021 Equity Incentive Plan. That cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of approximately three years as of September 30, 2024.

## **Performance Restricted Stock Units**

A summary of the status of the Company's performance restricted stock unit activity and the changes during the nine months ended September 30, 2024 are as follows (in millions, except share and per share amounts):

	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Grant Date fair value (per share)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Unvested PRSUs as of December 31, 2023	_	_	_
Granted	336,118	17.35	_
Vested	-	-	_
Forfeited and cancelled	(63,603)	17.48	_
Unvested PRSUs as of September 30, 2024	272,515	17.32	5.0

At September 30, 2024, there was approximately \$3.9 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to unvested performance restricted stock units granted under the 2021 Equity Incentive Plan. That cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of approximately two years as of September 30, 2024.

Total stock-based compensation cost for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 were as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Months Ended September 30,			
		2024	2023		2024		2023	
Sales and marketing	\$	1,905	\$	1,216	\$	5,825	\$	3,453
Operations and support		2,235		1,955		6,568		5,690
Product development		1,520		1,424		4,770		3,890
General and administrative		1,294		1,135		3,952		3,189
Total stock compensation expense	\$	6,954	\$	5,730	\$	21,115	\$	16,222

## (11) Income Taxes

A full valuation allowance has been established against our net U.S. federal and state deferred tax assets and foreign deferred tax assets, including net operating loss carryforwards.

The Company had less than \$0.1 million of provision for income taxes for each of the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023. This estimated annual effective tax rate of (0.1%), differs from the U.S. federal statutory rate primarily due to the effects of certain permanent items, foreign tax rate differences, and increases in the valuation allowance against deferred tax assets.

## (12) Net Loss Per Share Attributable to Common Stockholders

The Company computes net loss per share of Class A common stock, Class B common stock and participating securities using the two-class method. Basic and diluted EPS are the same for each class of common stock and participating securities because they are entitled to the same liquidation and dividend rights. The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted net loss per share attributable to common stockholders (in thousands, except share and per share data):

	Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Months Ended September 30,			
		2024		2023	2024			2023
Net loss	\$	(10,199)	\$	(12,010)	\$	(40,507)	\$	(56,912)
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest		_		13		5		9
Net loss attributable to common stockholders	\$ (10,199)		\$	(12,023)	\$ (40,512)		\$	(56,921)
Weighted-average number of shares outstanding used to compute net loss per share attributable to common stockholders, basic and diluted, of Class A and Class B common stock	4	19,282,164		47,989,277		48,901,475		47,852,671
Net loss per share attributable to common stockholders, basic and diluted, of Class A and Class B common stock	\$	(0.21)	\$	(0.25)	\$	(0.83)	\$	(1.19)

The following outstanding shares of potentially dilutive securities were excluded from the computation of diluted net loss per share because including them would have had an anti-dilutive effect, or issuance of such shares is contingent upon the occurrence of an event:

	September 30,				
	2024	2023			
Stock options outstanding	2,104,032	2,931,092			
Unvested restricted stock units	2,494,772	1,679,729			
Unvested performance restricted stock units	272,515	_			
Warrants outstanding	_	87,784			
Shares reserved for charitable contribution	181,195	261,727			
Convertible notes	5,123,624	5,123,624			
Total shares	10,176,138	10,083,956			

## (13) Debt Commitments and Contingencies

#### 2027 Convertible Notes

In February 2022, we entered into a purchase agreement with certain counterparties for the sale of an aggregate of \$287.5 million principal amount of convertible senior notes due in 2027 (the "2027 Notes") in a private offering to qualified institutional buyers pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). The 2027 Notes consisted of a \$250 million initial placement and an over-allotment option that provided the initial purchasers of the 2027 Notes with the option to purchase an additional \$37.5 million aggregate principal amount of the 2027 Notes, which was fully exercised. The 2027 Notes were issued pursuant to an indenture dated February 4, 2022. The net proceeds from the issuance of the 2027 Notes were \$278.2 million, net of debt issuance costs. The debt issuance costs are amortized to interest expense using the effective interest rate method.

The 2027 Notes are unsecured obligations which bear regular interest at 1% per annum and for which the principal balance will not accrete. Interest payments are due on February 1 and August 1 of each year the Notes remain outstanding. The 2027 Notes will mature on February 1, 2027 unless repurchased, redeemed, or converted in accordance with their terms prior to such date.

The 2027 Notes are convertible into cash, shares of our Class A common stock, or a combination of cash and shares of our Class A common stock, at our election, at an initial conversion rate of 17.8213 shares of Class A common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of 2027 Notes, which is equivalent to an initial conversion price of approximately \$56.11 per share of our Class A common stock. The conversion rate is subject to customary adjustments for certain events as described in the indenture governing the 2027 Notes.

We may redeem for cash all or any portion of the 2027 Notes, at our option, on or after February 5, 2025 if the last reported sale price of our Class A common stock has been at least 130% of the conversion price then in effect for at least 20 trading days at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2027 Notes to be redeemed, plus accrued and unpaid interest or additional interest, if any.

Holders of the 2027 Notes may convert all or a portion of their 2027 Notes at their option prior to November 1, 2026, in multiples of \$1,000 principal amounts, only under the following circumstances:

- if the last reported sale price of our Class A common stock for at least 20 trading days (whether or not consecutive) during the period of 30 consecutive trading days ending on the last trading day of the preceding calendar quarter is greater than or equal to 130% of the applicable conversion price of the 2027 Notes on each such trading day;
- during the five business day period after any ten consecutive trading day period in which the trading price per \$1,000 principal amount of the 2027 Notes for each day of that ten consecutive trading day period was less than 98% of the product of the last reported sale price of our Class A common stock and the applicable conversion rate of the 2027 Notes;
- on a notice of redemption, at any time prior to the close of business on the scheduled trading day immediately preceding the redemption date, in which case we may be required to increase the conversion rate for the 2027 Notes so surrendered for conversion in connection with such redemption notice; or
- on the occurrence of specified corporate events.

On or after November 1, 2026, the 2027 Notes are convertible at any time until the close of business on the second scheduled trading day immediately preceding the maturity date.

Holders of the 2027 Notes who convert the 2027 Notes in connection with a make-whole fundamental change, as defined in the indenture governing the 2027 Notes, or in connection with a redemption are entitled to an increase in the conversion rate. Additionally, in the event of a fundamental change, holders of the 2027 Notes may require us to repurchase all or a portion of the 2027 Notes at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of 2027 Notes, plus any accrued and unpaid special interest, if any.

We accounted for the issuance of the 2027 Notes as a single liability measured at its amortized cost, as no other embedded features require bifurcation and recognition as derivatives.

The following table presents the outstanding principal amount and carrying value of the 2027 Notes as of the dates indicated (in thousands):

	Se	ptember 30,	December 31,
		2024	2023
Principal	\$	287,500	287,500
Unamortized debt discount		(4,025)	(5,319)
Unamortized debt issuance costs		(312)	(412)
Net carrying value	\$	283,163	281,769

The annual effective interest rate for the 2027 Notes was approximately 1.6%. Interest expense related to the 2027 Notes for the periods presented below was as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended September 30,						 lonths Ended tember 30,		Ionths Ended tember 30,
	2	2024 2023			2024	2023			
Coupon interest	\$	718	\$	718	\$ 2,156	\$	2,156		
Amortization of debt discount		431		432	1,294		1,294		
Amortization of transaction costs		33		34	100		102		
Total interest expense	\$	1,182	\$	1,184	\$ 3,550	\$	3,552		

The following table presents the carrying value and estimated fair value of the 2027 Notes as of the date indicated (in thousands):

		Septembe	er 30, 2	024		Decembe	er 31, 2	2023
	C	arrying Value	]	Fair Value	Car	rying Value		Fair Value
2027 Notes <sup>(1)</sup>	\$	283,163	\$	238,079	\$	281,769	\$	268,554

(1) As of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the fair value of the 2027 Notes was measured using Level 2 inputs based on the frequency of trading on our debt at the end of the year.

## Contingencies

The Company from time to time may be subject to various claims and legal proceedings covering a range of matters that arise in the ordinary course of its business activities. In the opinion of the Company, although the outcome of any legal proceedings cannot be predicted with certainty, the ultimate liability of the Company in connection with its legal proceedings is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position or operations.

## Restructuring

In May 2023, the Company reduced its workforce to help manage its operating expenses. During the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company incurred \$0.7 million for employee termination costs related to the May 2023 restructuring.

## Exit from the Tools and Materials Business

The Company previously provided suppliers with access to competitively priced tools, materials and supplies in the U.S. As a result of the exit from the tools and materials business during the second quarter of 2023, the Company recognized \$0.6 million of costs associated with its closure, of which \$0.2 million is recognized in cost of revenue and \$0.4 million is recognized in operations and support on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss.

## Defined Contribution Plans

The Company sponsors a defined contribution plan for qualifying employees, including a 401(k) Plan in the United States to which it makes matching contributions of 50% of participating employee contributions up to 6% of eligible income. The Company's total matching contribution to the 401(k) Plan was \$0.6 million and \$0.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, and was \$1.8 million and \$1.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

## (14) Segments

Xometry is organized in two segments referred to as: (1) the U.S. and (2) International. Xometry's operating segments are also the Company's reportable segments. Xometry's reportable segments, whose products and offerings are generally the same, are managed separately based on geography. Xometry's two segments are defined based on the reporting and review process used by the chief operating decision maker ("CODM"), the Chief Executive Officer. The Company evaluates the performance of the operating segments primarily based on revenue and segment "profits/loss" which is largely the results of the segment before income taxes. The Company has not allocated certain general and administrative expenses to the International segment. The Company's CODM monitors assets of the consolidated Company, but does not use assets by operating segment when assessing performance or making operating segment resource decisions.

The following tables reflect certain segment information for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 (in thousands):

	Th	Three Months Ended September 30,			Ni	ptember 30,		
	2024 202		2023			2024		2023
	\$	117,584	\$	103,379	\$	333,113	\$	292,715
		24,114		15,548		63,870		42,546
	\$	141,698	\$	118,927	\$	396,983	\$	335,261
	TI	MALE	1.6	. 1 20	<b>3</b> .7•	M d E i	. 16	. 1 20
	The	ree Months End	ed Sep		Niı	ne Months End	led Sep	
es	_ Th	ree Months End	ed Sep	tember 30, 2023	Nii	ne Months End	led Ser	ptember 30, 2023
		2024		2023	Niı	2024		2023
			s	2023	Nii \$			
		2024		2023		2024		2023

## (15) Goodwill and Intangible Assets

The following tables summarize the Company's intangible assets (dollars in thousands):

		September 30, 2024					
	Weighted average amortization period in years	carı	oss rying ount		cumulated ortization		Net carrying amount
Intangible Assets							
Amortizing intangible assets:							
Customer Relationships	15	\$	36,600	\$	6,862	\$	29,738
Trade Names	10		800		225		575
Developed Technology	5		739		474		265
Vendor Relationships	15		1,265		398		867
Database	5		2,400		1,350		1,050
Patents	17		157		58		99
Subtotal intangible assets		, <u> </u>	41,961		9,367		32,594
In-place Lease Intangible Asset	4		568		397		171
Above Market Lease Intangible Asset	4		896		622		274
Total intangible assets		\$	43,425	\$	10,386	\$	33,039

	December 31, 2023						
	Weighted average amortization period in years	c	Gross arrying amount		mulated rtization		Net carrying amount
Intangible Assets							
Amortizing intangible assets:							
Customer Relationships	15	\$	36,600	\$	5,030	\$	31,570
Trade Names	10		800		165		635
Developed Technology	5		739		349		390
Vendor Relationships	15		1,273		336		937
Database	5		2,400		990		1,410
Patents	17		157		51		106
Subtotal intangible assets			41,969		6,921		35,048
In-place Lease Intangible Asset	4		568		287		281
Above Market Lease Intangible Asset	4		896		457		439
Total intangible assets		\$	43,433	\$	7,665	\$	35,768

The following table provides a roll forward of the carrying amount of goodwill (in thousands):

	2024	 2023
Balance as of January 1:		
Gross goodwill	\$ 265,989	\$ 261,110
Accumulated impairments	(3,074)	(3,074)
Net goodwill as of January 1	262,915	 258,036
Goodwill acquired during the year <sup>(1)</sup>	_	4,836
Impact of foreign exchange	40	43
Net goodwill as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023:	\$ 262,955	\$ 262,915

## (1) See Note 7 - Acquisitions.

As of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, Xometry had \$263.0 million and \$262.9 million, respectively of goodwill. As of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, \$258.0 million was part of Xometry's U.S. operating segment and \$4.9 million was part of Xometry's International operating segment.

As of September 30, 2024, estimated amortization expense for intangible assets for the remainder of 2024 and the next five years is: \$0.9 million in 2024, \$3.6 million in 2025, \$3.2 million in 2026, \$2.6 million in 2027, \$2.6 million in 2028, \$2.6 million in 2029 and \$17.5 million thereafter.

Amortization expense for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 was as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended September 30,			Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	2024		2023		2024		2023
Sales and marketing	\$	770	767	\$	2,310		2,347
Product development		42	42		126		126
General and administrative (1)		4	7		11		20
Total	\$	816	\$ 816	\$	2,447	\$	2,493

(1) Amortization of the lease related intangible assets is recorded as operating lease expense in general and administrative.

## Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and the related notes thereto included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. The discussion contains forward-looking statements that are based on the beliefs of management, as well as assumptions made by, and information currently available to, our management. Actual results could differ materially from those discussed in or implied by forward-looking statements as a result of various factors, including those discussed in Part II, Item 1A, "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023. Our historical results are not necessarily indicative of the results expected for the full year or any other period.

#### Overview

Xometry Inc. ("Xometry", "Company", "our" or "we") was incorporated in the State of Delaware in May 2013. Xometry is a global artificial intelligence ("AI") powered online marketplace connecting buyers with suppliers of manufacturing services, driving the digital transformation of one of the largest industries in the world. We use our proprietary AI, machine learning and cloud-based services, including our Thomasnet® platform, to help buyers efficiently source custom-manufactured parts and assemblies, and empower suppliers of manufacturing services to grow their businesses. Xometry's corporate headquarters is located in North Bethesda, Maryland.

Our AI-enabled technology platform is powered by proprietary machine learning algorithms and datasets, resulting in a sophisticated two-sided marketplace that is rapidly digitizing the manufacturing industry. As a result, buyers can procure the products they want on demand, and suppliers can source new manufacturing opportunities that match their specific capabilities and capacity, ultimately resulting in locally resilient supply chains so goods can get to market faster. Every interaction on our marketplace provides rich data insights that allow us to continuously improve our AI models and create new products and services, fueling powerful network effects as we scale.

We use proprietary technology to enable product designers, engineers, buyers, and supply chain professionals to instantly access the capacity of a global network of manufacturing facilities. The Company's platform makes it possible for buyers to quickly receive pricing, expected lead times, manufacturability feedback and place orders on the Company's platform. The network allows the Company to provide high volumes of unique parts, including custom components and assemblies for its buyers.

Our mission is to accelerate innovation by providing real time, equitable access to global manufacturing capacity and demand. Our vision is to drive efficiency, sustainability and innovation for industries worldwide by lowering the barriers to entry to the manufacturing ecosystem.

Our business benefits from a virtuous network effect, because adding buyers to our platform generates greater demand on our marketplace which in turn attracts more suppliers to the platform, allowing us to rapidly scale and increase the number of manufacturing processes offered on our platform. In order to continue to meet the needs of buyers and remain highly competitive, we expect to continue to add suppliers to our platform that have new and innovative manufacturing processes. Thus, our platform is unbounded by the in-house manufacturing capacity and processes of our current suppliers.

We define "buyers" as individuals who have placed an order to purchase custom-manufactured, on-demand parts or assemblies on our marketplace. Our buyers include engineers, product designers, procurement and supply chain personnel, inventors, entrepreneurs and business owners from businesses of a variety of sizes, ranging from self-funded start-ups to Fortune 100 companies. We define "accounts" as an individual entity, such as a sole proprietor with a single buyer or corporate entities with multiple buyers, having purchased at least one part on our marketplace. We define "suppliers" as individuals or businesses who have been approved by us to either manufacture a product on our platform for a buyer or have utilized our supplier services, including our financial services or the purchase of tools and materials ("our tools and materials business, which we previously referred to as our supplies business").

The majority of our revenue is derived from the sale of part(s) and assemblies to our customers on our marketplace, which we refer to as marketplace revenue. The suppliers on our platform offer a diversified and expanding mix of manufacturing processes. These manufacturing processes include computer numerical control ("CNC") manufacturing, sheet metal forming, sheet cutting, 3D printing (including fused deposition modeling, direct metal laser sintering, PolyJet, stereolithography, selective laser sintering, binder jetting, carbon digital light synthesis, multi jet fusion and lubricant sublayer photo-curing), die casting, stamping, injection molding, urethane casting, tube cutting, tube bending, as well as finishing services, rapid prototyping and high-volume production. Xometry's extensible technology platform allows the Company to add new technologies and processes to gain more wallet share with our buyers. We enable buyers to source these processes to meet complex and specific design and order needs across several industries, including Aerospace, Healthcare, Robotics, Industrial, Defense, Energy, Automotive, Government, Education and Consumer Goods.

We empower suppliers to grow their manufacturing businesses and improve machine uptime by providing access to an extensive, diverse base of buyers. We also offer suppliers supporting products and services to meet their unique needs. Through Thomasnet, a leading industrial sourcing platform in North America, we offer suppliers an array of digital advertising and marketing

services and data solutions. In addition, our suite of supplier services includes financial service products to stabilize and enhance cash flow and a cloud-based manufacturing execution system ("Workcenter") to help suppliers optimize their productivity.

In 2021, we acquired Thomas Publishing Company and its subsidiaries (collectively, "Thomas") and Fusiform, Inc. (d/b/a FactoryFour), expanding our basket of supplier services to include advertising and marketing services and Workcenter to help suppliers optimize their productivity. Our revenue from Thomas is primarily advertising revenue.

On January 2, 2023, we acquired Tridi Teknoloj A.S. ("Tridi") located in Istanbul, Türkiye pursuant to a Share Purchase Agreement. The acquisition of Tridi extends our marketplace capabilities in Europe and provides us access to the Turkish market.

Unfavorable conditions in the economy both in the United States and abroad may negatively affect the growth of our business and our results of operations. For example, macroeconomic events, fluctuations in inflation, the Russia-Ukraine war, conflict in the Middle East and other geopolitical tensions, have led to economic uncertainty globally. Historically, during periods of economic uncertainty and downturns, businesses may slow spending on information technology and manufacturing, which may impact our business and our customers' businesses.

The effect of macroeconomic conditions may not be fully reflected in our results of operations until future periods. If, however, economic uncertainty increases or the global economy worsens, our business, financial condition and results of operations may be harmed. For further discussion of the potential impacts of macroeconomic events on our business, financial condition, and operating results, see the section titled "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023.

## **Key Marketplace Operational and Business Metrics**

In addition to the measures presented in our condensed consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, we use the following key operational and business metrics to help us evaluate our marketplace business, measure our performance, identify trends affecting our business, formulate business plans and develop forecasts, and make strategic decisions:

## Active Buyers

We define Active Buyers as the number of buyers who have made at least one purchase on our marketplace during the last twelve months. An increase or decrease in the number of Active Buyers is a key indicator of our ability to attract, retain and engage buyers on our platform.

Active Buyers has consistently grown over time. The number of Active Buyers on our platform reached 64,851 as of September 30, 2024, up 24% from 52,382 as of September 30, 2023. The key drivers of Active Buyer growth are continued account and buyer engagement and the success of our strategy to attract new buyers.

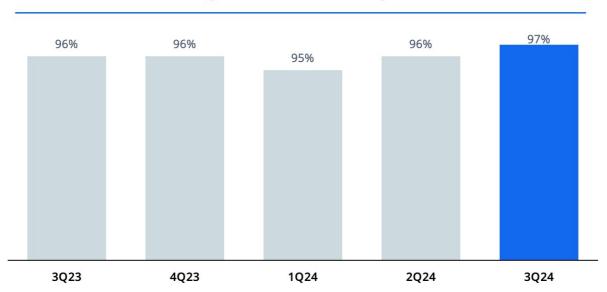


## Percentage of Revenue from Existing Accounts

We define an existing account as an account where at least one buyer has made a purchase on our marketplace. We believe the efficiency and transparency of our business model leads to increasing account stickiness and spend over time. Buyers can utilize our marketplace for both one-off and recurring manufacturing opportunities. For example, a buyer may choose to utilize our marketplace's CNC manufacturing processes to manufacture a discrete component for a prototype, and then may choose to later use our marketplace to mass produce that same component. A buyer may also recommend our marketplace to other engineers within their organizations who are designing other products and who may use an entirely different set of manufacturing processes, deepening our reach and stickiness with an account.

For the quarter ended September 30, 2024, 97% of our revenue was generated from existing accounts. We believe the repeat purchase activity from existing accounts reflects the underlying strength of our business and provides us with substantial revenue visibility and predictability.

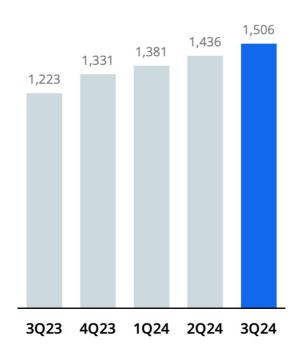
## Percentage of Revenue from Existing Accounts



## Accounts with Last Twelve-Month Spend of At Least \$50,000

Accounts with Last Twelve-Month, or LTM, Spend of At Least \$50,000 means an account that has spent at least \$50,000 on our marketplace in the most recent twelve-month period. We view the acquisition of an account as a foundation for the addition of long-term buyers to our marketplace. Once an account joins our platform, we aim to expand the relationship and increase engagement and spending activities from that account over time. The number of accounts with LTM Spend of at least \$50,000 on our platform reached 1,506 as of September 30, 2024, up 23% from 1,223 as of September 30, 2023.

# Accounts with LTM Spend of at Least \$50,000



## **Active Paying Suppliers**

We define Active Paying Suppliers as individuals or businesses who have purchased one or more of our supplier services, including digital marketing services, data services, financial services or tools and materials, on our platforms during the last twelve months. An increase or decrease in the number of Active Paying Suppliers is a key indicator of our ability to engage suppliers on our platform.

Active Paying Suppliers has changed over time. The number of Active Paying Suppliers on our platform was 6,762 as of September 30, 2024, down 9% from 7,415 as of September 30, 2023. The decline during the quarter ended September 30, 2024 is primarily due to our exit from the tools and materials business and the wind down of Thomas non-core services.

## Adjusted EBITDA

We define Adjusted EBITDA as net loss, adjusted for interest expense, interest and dividend income, other expenses, provision for income taxes, and certain other non-cash or non-recurring items impacting net loss from time to time, principally comprised of depreciation and amortization, amortization of lease intangible, stock-based compensation, payroll tax expense related to stock-based compensation, lease abandonment, charitable contributions of common stock, income from an unconsolidated joint venture, impairment of assets, restructuring charges, costs to exit the tools and materials business and acquisition and other adjustments not reflective of our ongoing business, such as adjustments related to purchase accounting, the revaluation of contingent consideration, transaction costs and executive severance. Adjusted EBITDA is a performance measure that we use to assess our operating performance and the operating leverage in our business. Adjusted EBITDA Margin is calculated by dividing Adjusted EBITDA for a period by revenue for the same period.

	T	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ende			ed September 30,					
	2024		2023		2023		2023			2024		2023
Net loss	\$	(10,199)	\$	(12,010)	\$	(40,507)	\$	(56,912)				
Add (deduct)												
Interest expense, interest and dividend income and other expenses		(1,150)		(1,192)		(3,647)		(3,896)				
Depreciation and amortization		3,213		2,478		9,622		7,939				
Amortization of lease intangible		180		180		540		770				
Provision for income taxes		30		139		20		208				
Stock-based compensation		6,954		5,730		21,115		16,222				
Payroll tax expense related to stock-based compensation <sup>(1)</sup>		96		_		876		_				
Lease abandonment		_		_		_		8,706				
Acquisition and other		_		117		686		343				
Charitable contribution of common stock		406		326		1,063		696				
Income from unconsolidated joint venture		(162)		(134)		(493)		(437)				
Impairment of assets		_		151		_		397				
Restructuring charge		_		_		_		738				
Costs to exit the tools and materials business		_		_		_		586				
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	(632)	\$	(4,215)	\$	(10,725)	\$	(24,640)				

(1) In the second quarter of 2024, we changed the definition of Adjusted EBITDA to exclude payroll tax expense related to stock-based compensation. For prior periods, this amount was considered de minimis and, accordingly, we have not adjusted the Adjusted EBITDA amounts for such periods.

For the three months ended September 30, 2024, Adjusted EBITDA loss was \$(0.6) million, as compared to Adjusted EBITDA loss of \$(4.2) million for the same quarter in 2023. For the quarter ended September 30, 2024, Adjusted EBITDA Margin was (0.4)% of revenue, as compared to (3.5)% of revenue for the same quarter in 2023, driven primarily by increased operating efficiencies as we continue to grow our revenue and margins faster than our expenses.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2024, Adjusted EBITDA loss was \$(10.7) million, as compared to Adjusted EBITDA loss of \$(24.6) million for the same period in 2023. For the nine months ended September 30, 2024, Adjusted EBITDA Margin was (2.7)% of revenue, as compared to (7.3)% of revenue for the same period in 2023, driven primarily by increased operating efficiencies as we continue to grow our revenue and margins faster than our expenses.

## Non-GAAP Net Income (Loss)

We define Non-GAAP net income (loss), as net income (loss) adjusted for depreciation and amortization, stock-based compensation, payroll tax expense related to stock-based compensation, amortization of lease intangible, amortization of deferred costs on convertible notes, loss (gain) on sale of property and equipment, charitable contributions of common stock, lease abandonment and termination, impairment of assets, restructuring charges, costs to exit the tools and materials business and acquisition and other adjustments not reflective of our ongoing business, such as adjustments related to purchase accounting, the revaluation of contingent consideration, transaction costs and executive severance.

	For the Three Months Ended September 30,			For the Nine Months Ended September 30,				
	_	2024	2023		2	024		2023
Non-GAAP Net Income (Loss):		,	,					
Net loss	\$	(10,199)	\$ (1	2,010)	\$	(40,507)	\$	(56,912)
Add (deduct):								
Depreciation and amortization		3,213		2,478		9,622		7,939
Stock-based compensation		6,954		5,730		21,115		16,222
Payroll tax expense related to stock-based compensation <sup>(1)</sup>		96		_		876		_
Amortization of lease intangible		180		180		540		770
Amortization of deferred costs on convertible notes		464		466		1,394		1,396
Acquisition and other		_		117		686		343
(Gain) loss on sale of property and equipment		_		_		(23)		92
Charitable contribution of common stock		406		326		1,063		696
Lease abandonment and termination		_		_		_		8,778
Impairment of assets		_		151		_		397
Restructuring charge		_		_		_		738
Costs to exit the tools and materials business		_		_		_		586
Non-GAAP Net Income (Loss)	\$	1,114	\$ (	(2,562)	\$	(5,234)	\$	(18,955)

(1) In the second quarter of 2024, we changed the definition of Non-GAAP Net Income (Loss) to exclude payroll tax expense related to stock-based compensation. For prior periods, this amount was considered de minimis and, accordingly, we have not adjusted the Non-GAAP Net Income (Loss) amounts for such periods.

For the three months ended September 30, 2024, Non-GAAP net income was \$1.1 million, as compared to Non-GAAP net loss of \$(2.6) million for the same quarter in 2023. For the quarter ended September 30, 2024, Non-GAAP net income (loss) was 0.8% of revenue, as compared to (2.2)% of revenue for the same quarter in 2023.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2024, Non-GAAP net loss was \$(5.2) million, as compared to Non-GAAP net loss of \$(19.0) million for the same period in 2023. For the nine months ended September 30, 2024, Non-GAAP net loss was (1.3)% of revenue, as compared to (5.7)% of revenue for the same period in 2023.

Adjusted EBITDA and Non-GAAP net income (loss) are non-GAAP financial measures that we use, in addition to our GAAP financial measures, to evaluate our business. We have included Adjusted EBITDA and Non-GAAP net income (loss) in this filing because they are key measures used by our management to evaluate our operating performance. Accordingly, we believe that Adjusted EBITDA and Non-GAAP net income (loss) provide useful information to investors and others in understanding and evaluating our operating results in the same manner as our management team and board of directors. Our calculation of Adjusted EBITDA and Non-GAAP net income (loss) may differ from similarly titled non-GAAP measures, if any, reported by our peer companies and therefore may not serve as an accurate basis of comparison among companies. Adjusted EBITDA and Non-GAAP net income (loss) should not be considered in isolation from, or as a substitute for, financial information prepared in accordance with GAAP.

## **Components of Results of Operations**

## Revenue

Our marketplace revenue is primarily comprised of sales of parts and assemblies to customers through our platform. Buyers purchase specialized CNC manufacturing, sheet metal manufacturing, 3D printing, injection molding, urethane casting, tube cutting, tube bending and finishing services. Customer purchases range from rapid prototyping of single parts to high-volume production on our marketplace. These products are primarily manufactured by our network of suppliers.

Supplier services revenue includes the sale of marketing and advertising services, and to a lesser extent financial service products, SaaS-based solutions and the sale of tools and materials, which was discontinued during the second quarter of 2023.

## Cost of Revenue

Marketplace cost of revenue primarily consists of the cost to us of the products that are manufactured or produced by us or our suppliers for delivery to buyers on our platform, internal and external production costs, shipping costs and certain internal depreciation. We expect cost of revenue to increase in absolute dollars to the extent our revenue increases and transaction volume increases. As we grow and add suppliers to our platform, we are able to improve our pricing efficiency, we expect cost of revenue to decline as a percentage of revenue over time.

Cost of revenue for supplier services primarily consists of internal and external production costs and website hosting.

## **Gross Profit**

Gross profit, or revenue less cost of revenue, is primarily affected by the growth of our revenue. Our gross profit margin is primarily affected by liquidity of our suppliers' network and the efficiency of our pricing and will be benefited by increasing the use of existing supplier services and the variety of supplier services offerings over time.

## **Operating Expenses**

Our operating expenses consist of sales and marketing, operations and support, product development, general and administrative functions and impairment of assets.

## Sales and Marketing

Sales and marketing expenses are expensed as incurred and include the costs of our digital marketing strategies, branding costs and other advertising costs, certain depreciation and amortization expense, contract acquisition costs and compensation expenses, including stock-based compensation, to our sales and marketing employees. We intend to continue to invest in our sales and marketing capabilities in the future to continue to increase our brand awareness, add new accounts and further penetrate existing accounts. We expect sales and marketing expense to increase in absolute dollars in the future as we grow our business, though in the near-term sales and marketing expenses may fluctuate from period-to-period based on the timing of our investments in our sales and marketing functions as these investments may vary in scope and scale over future periods.

## **Operations and Support**

Operations and support expenses are the costs we incur in support of the buyers and suppliers on our platform which are provided by phone, email and chat for purposes of resolving buyer and suppliers related matters. These costs primarily consist of compensation expenses of the support staff, including stock-based compensation, certain depreciation and amortization expense and software costs used in delivering buyer and suppliers services. We expect operations and support expense to increase in absolute dollars in the future, though in the near-term operations and support expenses may fluctuate from period-to-period based on total revenue levels and the timing of our investments in our operations and support functions as these investments may vary in scope and scale over future periods.

## **Product Development**

Product development costs that are not eligible for capitalization are expensed as incurred. This account also includes compensation expenses, including stock-based compensation expenses to our employees performing routine improvements and maintenance on our platforms not related to a specific capitalizable project, software costs and certain depreciation and amortization expense. We expect product development expense to increase in absolute dollars in the future, though in the near-term product development expenses may fluctuate from period-to-period based on total revenue levels and the timing of our investments in our product development functions as these investments may vary in scope and scale over future periods.

## General and Administrative

General and administrative expenses primarily consist of compensation expenses, including stock-based compensation expenses, for executive, finance, legal and other administrative personnel, professional service fees and certain depreciation and amortization expense.

## Other Income (Expenses)

Interest Expense

Interest expense consists of interest incurred on our outstanding borrowings under our outstanding convertible notes or other borrowings.

Interest and Dividend Income

Interest and dividend income consists of interest and dividends on our cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities.

Other Expenses

Other expenses consist primarily of realized foreign exchange gains and/or losses and other expenses.

Income from Unconsolidated Joint Venture

Income from unconsolidated joint venture consists of our share of the joint venture's income.

## **Results of Operations**

## Comparison of the Three Months Ended September 30, 2024 and 2023

The following table sets forth our unaudited statements of operations data for the periods indicated:

	Three Mont	hs Ended September 30,
	2024	2023
	,	in thousands)
Revenue	\$ 141,6	
Cost of revenue	85,8	
Gross profit	55,8	825 46,249
Operating expenses:		
Sales and marketing	27,2	204 23,210
Operations and support	14,0	598 12,622
Product development	9,3	8,523
General and administrative	16,0	060 14,940
Impairment of assets		<u> </u>
Total operating expenses	67,3	59,446
Loss from operations	(11,4	(13,197)
Other income (expenses):		
Interest expense	(1,1	187) (1,205)
Interest and dividend income	2,7	781 2,994
Other expenses	(4	(597)
Income from unconsolidated joint venture	]	162 134
Total other income	1,3	312 1,326
Loss before income taxes	(10,1	(11,871)
Provision for income taxes		$(30) \qquad (139)$
Net loss	(10,1	(12,010)
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest		
Net loss attributable to common stockholders	\$ (10,1	199) \$ (12,023)

The following table sets forth our unaudited statements of operations data expressed as a percentage of total revenue for the periods indicated:

	Three Months Ended Septe	mber 30,
	2024	2023
Revenue	100.0%	100.0%
Cost of revenue	60.6%	61.1 %
Gross profit	39.4%	38.9 %
Operating expenses:		
Sales and marketing	19.2 %	19.5 %
Operations and support	10.4%	10.6%
Product development	6.6%	7.2 %
General and administrative	11.3 %	12.6%
Impairment of assets	<del>_</del> %	0.1 %
Total operating expenses	47.5 %	50.0 %
Loss from operations	(8.1)%	(11.1)%
Other income (expenses):		
Interest expense	(0.8)%	(1.0)%
Interest and dividend income	2.0%	2.5 %
Other expenses	(0.3)%	(0.5)%
Income from unconsolidated joint venture	0.1 %	0.1 %
Total other income	1.0%	1.1 %
Loss before income taxes	(7.1)%	(10.0)%
Provision for income taxes	<del></del> %	(0.1)%
Net loss	(7.1)%	(10.1)%
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest	<del></del> %	<b>—</b> %
Net loss attributable to common stockholders	(7.1)%	(10.1)%

The following tables present our disaggregated revenue and cost of revenue. Revenue from our marketplace primarily reflects the sales of parts and assemblies on our platform. Revenue from supplier services primarily includes the sale of advertising and to a lesser extent financial service products and SaaS products.

Revenue and cost of revenue is presented in the following tables for the three months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 (in thousands):

## For the Three Months Ended September 30,

	2024	2023
Marketplace		
Revenue	\$ 126,965 \$	102,473
Cost of revenue	84,347	70,578
Gross Profit	\$ 42,618 \$	31,895
Gross Margin	33.6 %	31.1 %
Supplier services		
Revenue	\$ 14,733 \$	16,454
Cost of revenue	1,526	2,100
Gross Profit	\$ 13,207 \$	14,354
Gross Margin	 89.6%	87.2 %

## Revenue

Total revenue increased \$22.8 million, or 19%, from \$118.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023 to \$141.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2024. This growth was a result of an increase in marketplace revenue, partially offset by a decrease in supplier services revenue. Marketplace revenue increased \$24.5 million, or 24%, from \$102.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023 to \$127.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2024. The increase in marketplace revenue was primarily due to increased buyer activity on the platform for the three months ended September 30, 2024 as compared to the prior year period.

Supplier services revenue decreased \$1.7 million, or 10% from \$16.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023 to \$14.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2024. The decrease in revenue was due to reductions in Thomas non-core services and to a lesser extent decreases in Thomas advertising and marketing services.

Total revenue for the three months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 was \$117.6 million and \$103.4 million, respectively, for the U.S. operating segment and \$24.1 million and \$15.5 million, respectively, for the International operating segment.

## Cost of Revenue

Total cost of revenue increased \$13.2 million, or 18%, from \$72.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023 to \$85.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2024. This increase was the result of an increase in marketplace cost of revenue offset by a decrease in supplier services costs of revenue. Total cost of revenue from marketplace and supplier services for the three months ended September 30, 2024 was \$84.3 million and \$1.5 million, respectively, as compared to \$70.6 million and \$2.1 million, respectively, for the three months ended September 30, 2023.

Marketplace cost of revenue was driven by order growth and increased activity on our marketplace.

## Gross Profit and Margin

Gross profit increased \$9.6 million, or 21%, from \$46.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023 to \$55.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2024. The increase in gross profit was primarily due to increases in revenue from marketplace and improved marketplace gross margins as compared to the prior year period.

Gross margin for marketplace was 33.6% for the three months ended September 30, 2024, as compared to 31.1% for the three months ended September 30, 2023. The improvement over the prior year period was due largely to our AI-driven platform and expanding supplier network which optimizes pricing to buyers and suppliers. Gross margin for our supplier services was 89.6% for the three months ended September 30, 2024, as compared to 87.2% for the three months ended September 30, 2023. The increase in gross margin for supplier services is primarily due to a higher mix of advertising and marketing services revenue and the wind down of Thomas non-core services.

## **Operating Expenses**

## Sales and Marketing

Sales and marketing expense increased \$4.0 million, or 17%, from \$23.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023 to \$27.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2024, primarily due to increased marketing and advertising expense and additional sales and marketing employees and their compensation costs, including stock-based compensation. As a percent of total revenue, sales and marketing expenses decreased to 19.2% for the three months ended September 30, 2024 from 19.5% for the three months ended September 30, 2023.

Advertising expense increased 22%, from \$7.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023 to \$9.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2024 due to increased marketplace and supplier services advertising.

## Operations and Support

Operations and support expense increased \$2.1 million, or 16%, from \$12.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023 to \$14.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2024, primarily due to additional employees and their compensation cost, included stock based compensation. As a percent of total revenue, operations and support expenses decreased to 10.4% for the three months ended September 30, 2024 from 10.6% for the three months ended September 30, 2023.

## Product Development

Product development expense increased \$0.8 million, or 10%, from \$8.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023 to \$9.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2024, primarily as result of increases in amortization expense related to capitalized internal-use software development costs and increases in software costs. As a percent of total revenue, product development expenses decreased to 6.6% for the three months ended September 30, 2024 as compared to 7.2% for the three months ended September 30, 2023.

## General and Administrative

General and administrative expense increased \$1.1 million, or 7%, from \$14.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023 to \$16.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2024. The increase was due to an increase in general and administrative employees and their compensation costs, including stock-based compensation. As a percent of total revenue, general and administrative expenses decreased to 11.3% for the for the three months ended September 30, 2024 from 12.6% for the three months ended September 30, 2023.

## Impairment of Assets

Impairment expense was \$0.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023. There was no impairment for the three months ended September 30, 2024.

## Other Income (Expenses)

## Interest Expense

Interest expense remained flat at \$1.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023. Interest expense is primarily due to the interest on the 2027 convertible notes issued in February 2022.

## Interest and Dividend Income

Interest and dividend income decreased \$0.2 million, or 7%, from \$3.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023 to \$2.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2024. Interest and dividend income is primarily due to dividend income from our marketable securities.

## Other Expenses

Other expenses decreased by \$0.2 million, primarily due to foreign exchange losses.

## Income from Unconsolidated Joint Venture

Income from unconsolidated joint venture increased from \$0.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023 to \$0.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2024.

## Additional Segment Considerations

Total segment loss from our U.S. operating segment for the three months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 was \$4.2 million and \$7.9 million, respectively. Total segment loss from our International operating segment for the three months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 was \$6.0 million and \$4.1 million, respectively.

## Comparison of the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024 and 2023

The following table sets forth our unaudited statements of operations data for the periods indicated:

	Nine Month	s Ended September 30,
	2024	2023
	,	n thousands)
Revenue	\$ 396,9	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Cost of revenue	240,3	206,087
Gross profit	156,6	504 129,174
Operating expenses:		
Sales and marketing	81,8	68,315
Operations and support	42,9	39,450
Product development	28,9	25,570
General and administrative	47,4	56,479
Impairment of assets		397
Total operating expenses	201,2	190,211
Loss from operations	(44,6	(61,037)
Other income (expenses):		
Interest expense	(3,5	(3,596)
Interest and dividend income	8,2	275 8,648
Other expenses	(1,0	(1,156
Income from unconsolidated joint venture	4	193 437
Total other income	4,1	4,333
Loss before income taxes	(40,4	(56,704
Provision for income taxes		(20) $(208)$
Net loss	(40,5	(56,912
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest		5
Net loss attributable to common stockholders	\$ (40,5	\$12) \$ (56,921

The following table sets forth our unaudited statements of operations data expressed as a percentage of total revenue for the periods indicated:

	Nine Months Ended Se	ptember 30,
	2024	2023
Revenue	100.0%	100.0%
Cost of revenue	60.6%	61.5 %
Gross profit	39.4%	38.5 %
Operating expenses:		
Sales and marketing	20.6%	20.4 %
Operations and support	10.8 %	11.8 %
Product development	7.3 %	7.6 %
General and administrative	12.0%	16.8 %
Impairment of assets	—%	0.1 %
Total operating expenses	50.7%	56.7 %
Loss from operations	(11.3)%	(18.2)%
Other income (expenses):		
Interest expense	(0.9)%	(1.1)%
Interest and dividend income	2.1 %	2.6 %
Other expenses	(0.3)%	(0.3)%
Income from unconsolidated joint venture	0.1 %	0.1 %
Total other income	1.0%	1.3 %
Loss before income taxes	(10.3)%	(16.9)%
Provision for income taxes	<u> </u>	(0.1)%
Net loss	(10.3)%	(17.0)%
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Net loss attributable to common stockholders	(10.3)%	(17.0)%

The following tables present our disaggregated revenue and cost of revenue. Revenue from our marketplace primarily reflects the sales of parts and assemblies on our platform. Revenue from supplier services primarily includes the sale of advertising and to a lesser extent financial service products, SaaS products and tools and materials.

Revenue and cost of revenue is presented in the following tables for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 (in thousands):

For the Nine Months

	Tor the rank months				
		Ended September 30,			
		2024		2023	
Marketplace					
Revenue	\$	351,438	\$	282,664	
Cost of revenue		235,278		196,240	
Gross Profit	\$	116,160	\$	86,424	
Gross Margin		33.1 %		30.6 %	
Supplier services					
Revenue	\$	45,545	\$	52,597	
Cost of revenue		5,101		9,847	
Gross Profit	\$	40,444	\$	42,750	
Gross Margin		88.8 %		81.3 %	

## Revenue

Total revenue increased \$61.7 million, or 18%, from \$335.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 to \$397.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2024. This growth was a result of an increase in marketplace revenue, partially offset by a decrease in supplier services revenue. Marketplace revenue increased \$68.8 million, or 24%, from \$282.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 to \$351.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2024. The increase in marketplace revenue was primarily due to increased buyers activity on the platform for the nine months ended September 30, 2024, as compared to the prior year period.

Supplier services revenue decreased \$7.1 million, or 13%, from \$52.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 to \$45.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2024. The decrease in revenue was primarily due to our exit from the tools and materials business in the U.S. during the second quarter of 2023, a decrease in Thomas non-core services and to a lesser extent a decrease in Thomas advertising and marketing service.

Total revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 was \$333.1 million and \$292.7 million, respectively, for the U.S. operating segment, and \$63.9 million and \$42.5 million, respectively, for the International operating segment.

## Cost of Revenue

Total cost of revenue increased \$34.3 million, or 17%, from \$206.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 to \$240.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2024. This increase was primarily the result of an increase in marketplace cost of revenue offset by a decrease in supplier services costs of revenue. Total cost of revenue from marketplace and supplier services for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 was \$235.3 million and \$5.1 million, respectively, as compared to \$196.2 million and \$9.8 million, respectively, for the nine months ended September 30, 2023.

Marketplace cost of revenue was driven by increased payments to suppliers on our platform due to order growth and increased activity on our marketplace.

### Gross Profit and Margin

Gross profit increased \$27.4 million, or 21%, from \$129.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 to \$156.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2024. The increase in gross profit was primarily due to increases in revenue from marketplace and improved marketplace gross margins as compared to the prior year period.

Gross margin for marketplace was 33.1% for the nine months ended September 30, 2024, as compared to 30.6% for the nine months ended September 30, 2023. The improvement over the prior year period was due largely to our AI-driven platform and expanding supplier network which optimizes pricing to buyers and suppliers. Gross margin for our supplier services increased to 88.8% for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 from 81.3% for the nine months ended September 30, 2023. The increase in gross margin for supplier services is primarily due to a higher mix of advertising and marketing services revenue and the exit from the lower margin tools and materials business.

## **Operating Expenses**

#### Sales and Marketing

Sales and marketing expense increased \$13.6 million, or 20%, from \$68.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 to \$81.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2024, primarily due to additional sales and marketing employees and their compensation costs, including stock-based compensation and to a lesser extent advertising expense. As a percent of total revenue, sales and marketing expenses increased to 20.6% for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 from 20.4% for the nine months ended September 30, 2023.

Advertising expense increased 13%, from \$23.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 to \$26.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 due to increased marketplace and supplier services advertising.

## Operations and Support

Operations and support expense increased \$3.5 million, or 9%, from \$39.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 to \$42.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2024, primarily due to hiring of additional operations and support employees and their compensation costs including stock-based compensation. As a percent of total revenue, operations and support expenses decreased to 10.8% for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 from 11.8% for the nine months ended September 30, 2023.

## Product Development

Product development expense increased \$3.4 million, or 13%, from \$25.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 to \$29.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2024, primarily as result of increases in amortization expense related to developed software assets and additional software costs. As a percent of total revenue, product development expenses decreased to 7.3% for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 from 7.6% for the nine months ended September 30, 2023.

## General and Administrative

General and administrative expense decreased \$9.0 million, or 16%, from \$56.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 to \$47.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2024. The primary driver of the decrease was due to the abandonment of multiple company leases resulting in a one-time \$8.7 million charge in operating lease expense in the second

quarter of 2023 and a decrease in the facilities cost for the abandoned locations. As a percent of total revenue, general and administrative expenses decreased to 12.0% for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 from 16.8% for the nine months ended September 30, 2023.

#### Impairment of Assets

Impairment expense was \$0.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023. There was no impairment expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2024.

#### Other (Expenses) Income

## Interest Expense

Interest expense remained flat at \$3.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023. Interest expense is primarily due to the interest on the 2027 convertible notes issued in February 2022.

#### Interest and Dividend Income

Interest and dividend income decreased by \$0.4 million, or 4%, from \$8.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 to \$8.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2024. Interest and dividend income is primarily due to dividend income from our marketable securities.

#### Other Expenses

Other expenses decreased \$0.1 million from \$1.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 to \$1.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 primarily due to decrease in various non-income based taxes.

#### Income from Unconsolidated Joint Venture

Income from unconsolidated joint venture increased \$0.1 million from \$0.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 to \$0.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2024.

### Additional Segment Considerations

Total segment loss from our U.S. operating segment for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, was \$23.1 million and \$43.7 million, respectively. Total segment loss from our International operating segment for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, was \$17.4 million and \$13.2 million, respectively.

#### Liquidity and Capital Resources

#### General

We have financed our operations primarily through sales of our equity securities and borrowings under our convertible notes. As of September 30, 2024, our cash and cash equivalents and marketable securities totaled \$234.0 million. We believe our existing cash and cash equivalents and marketable securities will be sufficient to support our working capital and capital expenditure requirements for at least the next twelve months. We believe we will meet our longer-term expected future cash requirements primarily from a combination of cash flow from operating activities and available cash and cash equivalents and marketable securities. We may also engage in equity or debt financings to secure additional funds. Our future capital requirements will depend on many factors, including our revenue growth rate, receivable and payable cycles, the timing and extent of investments in product development, sales and marketing, operations and support and general and administrative expenses.

Our capital expenditures consist primarily of internal-use software costs, manufacturing equipment, computers and peripheral equipment, furniture and fixtures and leasehold improvements and patents.

#### Convertible Notes due 2027

In February 2022, we entered into a purchase agreement with certain counterparties for the sale of an aggregate of \$287.5 million principal amount of convertible senior notes due in 2027 (the "2027 Notes") in a private offering to qualified institutional buyers pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). The 2027 Notes consisted of a \$250 million initial placement and an over-allotment option that provided the initial purchasers of the 2027 Notes with the option to purchase an additional \$37.5 million aggregate principal amount of the 2027 Notes, which was fully exercised. The 2027 Notes were issued pursuant to an indenture dated February 4, 2022. The net proceeds from the issuance of the 2027 Notes were \$278.2 million, net of debt issuance costs. The debt issuance costs are amortized to interest expense using the effective interest rate method.

The 2027 Notes are unsecured obligations which bear regular interest at 1% per annum and for which the principal balance will not accrete. Interest payments are due on February 1 and August 1 of each year the Notes remain outstanding. The 2027 Notes will mature on February 1, 2027 unless repurchased, redeemed, or converted in accordance with their terms prior to such date.

The 2027 Notes are convertible into cash, shares of our Class A common stock, or a combination of cash and shares of our Class A common stock, at our election, at an initial conversion rate of 17.8213 shares of Class A common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of 2027 Notes, which is equivalent to an initial conversion price of approximately \$56.11 per share of our Class A common stock. The conversion rate is subject to customary adjustments for certain events as described in the indenture governing the 2027 Notes.

We may redeem for cash all or any portion of the 2027 Notes, at our option, on or after February 5, 2025 if the last reported sale price of our Class A common stock has been at least 130% of the conversion price then in effect for at least 20 trading days at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2027 Notes to be redeemed, plus accrued and unpaid interest or additional interest, if any.

Holders of the 2027 Notes may convert all or a portion of their 2027 Notes at their option prior to November 1, 2026, in multiples of \$1,000 principal amounts, only under the following circumstances:

- if the last reported sale price of our Class A common stock for at least 20 trading days (whether or not consecutive) during the period of 30 consecutive trading days ending on the last trading day of the preceding calendar quarter is greater than or equal to 130% of the applicable conversion price of the 2027 Notes on each such trading day;
- during the five-business day period after any ten consecutive trading day period in which the trading price per \$1,000 principal amount of the 2027 Notes for each day of that ten consecutive trading day period was less than 98% of the product of the last reported sale price of our Class A common stock and the applicable conversion rate of the 2027 Notes;
- on a notice of redemption, at any time prior to the close of business on the scheduled trading day immediately preceding the redemption date, in which case we may be required to increase the conversion rate for the 2027 Notes so surrendered for conversion in connection with such redemption notice; or
- on the occurrence of specified corporate events.

On or after November 1, 2026, the 2027 Notes are convertible at any time until the close of business on the second scheduled trading day immediately preceding the maturity date.

Holders of the 2027 Notes who convert the 2027 Notes in connection with a make-whole fundamental change, as defined in the indenture governing the 2027 Notes, or in connection with a redemption are entitled to an increase in the conversion rate. Additionally, in the event of a fundamental change, holders of the 2027 Notes may require us to repurchase all or a portion of the 2027 Notes at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of 2027 Notes, plus any accrued and unpaid special interest, if any.

We accounted for the issuance of the 2027 Notes as a single liability measured at its amortized cost, as no other embedded features require bifurcation and recognition as derivatives.

As of September 30, 2024, the 2027 Notes have a carrying value of \$283.2 million with an effective annual interest rate of 1.6%.

We may, from time to time, repurchase our convertible senior notes using cash on hand, either on the open market or in privately negotiated transactions.

#### Cash Flows

The following table presents a summary of our cash flows from operating, investing, and financing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023.

	Nine Months Ended September 30,		
		2024	
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(24,469) \$	(28,583)
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities		(14,734)	6,181
Net cash provided by financing activities		3,215	1,428

#### **Operating Activities**

For the nine months ended September 30, 2024, net cash used in operating activities was \$24.5 million, primarily due to a net loss of \$(40.5) million adjusted for non-cash charges of \$36.5 million and a net decrease in our operating assets and liabilities of \$(20.5) million. The non-cash adjustments primarily relate to stock-based compensation of \$21.1 million, depreciation and amortization of \$9.6 million, and a \$3.3 million of reduction to our right of use lease assets. The net decrease in operating assets and liabilities is primarily driven by changes in accounts payable of \$18.3 million due to the timing of payments, accounts receivable of \$8.3 million due to increased sales and reductions in lease liabilities of \$5.1 million, offset by changes in accrued expenses of \$6.8 million and other assets of \$4.4 million.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2023, net cash used in operating activities was \$28.6 million, primarily due to a net loss of \$(56.9) million adjusted for non-cash charges of \$40.3 million and a net decrease in our operating assets and liabilities of \$(12.0) million. The non-cash adjustments primarily relate to stock-based compensation of \$16.2 million, \$13.3 million of reduction to our right of use lease assets, and depreciation and amortization of \$7.9 million. The net decrease in operating assets and liabilities is primarily driven by changes in accounts receivable of \$14.9 million and lease liabilities of \$3.8 million, offset by changes in contract liabilities of \$1.2 million, accrued expenses of \$1.0 million, prepaid expenses of \$2.3 million and other assets of \$1.4 million.

#### **Investing Activities**

For the nine months ended September 30, 2024, net cash used by investing activities was \$14.7 million, primarily due to the purchase of marketable securities \$16.3 million and purchase of property and equipment (which includes the internal-use software development costs) of \$13.6 million offset by the sale of marketable securities of \$15.0 million.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2023, net cash provided by investing activities was \$6.2 million, primarily due to the proceeds from the sale of marketable securities of \$30.0 million offset by the purchase of property and equipment (which includes internal-use software development costs) of \$12.1 million, \$8.6 million for the purchase of marketable securities, and \$3.3 million for the acquisition of Tridi.

#### Financing Activities

For the nine months ended September 30, 2024, net cash provided by financing activities was \$3.2 million, relating to proceeds from the exercise of stock options.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2023, net cash provided by financing activities was \$1.4 million, relating to proceeds from the exercise of stock options.

## **Critical Accounting Estimates**

Our condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes have been prepared in accordance with GAAP. The preparation of these condensed consolidated financial statements requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses, and related disclosures. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that we believe are reasonable under the circumstances. We evaluate our estimates and assumptions on an ongoing basis. Actual results may differ from these estimates. To the extent that there are material differences between these estimates and our actual results, our future financial statements will be affected. For additional information about our critical accounting policies and estimates, see the disclosure included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31,

2023 as well as Note 2 – Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies in the notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements included in Part I, Item 1, of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. There have been no material changes to our critical accounting policies and accounting estimates as compared to those disclosed in our <u>Annual Report on Form 10-K</u> for the year ended December 31, 2023.

#### **Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

For a description of our recently adopted accounting pronouncements and recently issued accounting standards not yet adopted, see Note 2 – Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies in the notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements included in Part I, Item 1, of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

## Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

We are exposed to market risks in the ordinary course of our business. Market risk represents the risk of loss that may impact our financial position due to adverse changes in financial market prices and rates. Our market risk exposure is primarily a result of exposure to potential changes in interest rates. We do not enter into investments for trading or speculative purposes and have not used any derivative financial instruments to manage our interest rate risk exposure.

#### Foreign Currency Exchange Risk

Our U.S. revenue and costs are principally denominated in U.S. dollars and are not subject to foreign currency exchange risk. Our International operating segment generates revenue outside of the United States that is denominated in currencies other than the U.S. dollar. Our results of operations are impacted by changes in exchange rates. Outside the U.S., our International operations generate approximately 16% of our revenues, of which a majority is generated in Euros. If the average exchange rate of Euros changed unfavorably by 10%, our revenues for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 would have decreased by 1.3%. During the nine months ended September 30, 2024, our revenues were not materially impacted as the average exchange rate remained consistent between the nine month period ended September 30, 2023 and September 30, 2024.

### Inflation Risk

We do not believe that inflation has had a material effect on our business, results of operations, or financial condition. If our costs were to become subject to significant inflationary pressures such as those caused by geopolitical tensions, we may not be able to fully offset such higher costs through price increases. Our inability or failure to do so could harm our business, results of operations and financial condition.

#### Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

### Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We maintain "disclosure controls and procedures," as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is (i) recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms and (ii) accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Management recognizes that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving their objectives and management necessarily applies its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures.

Pursuant to Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act, our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, performed an evaluation of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of September 30, 2024. Based on such evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective at a reasonable assurance level as of September 30, 2024.

## Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There were no changes to our internal control over financial reporting identified in connection with the evaluation required by Rule 13a-15(d) and 15d-15(d) of the Exchange Act that occurred during the quarter ended September 30, 2024, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

## Inherent Limitations on Effectiveness of Controls

Our management does not expect that our disclosure controls and procedures or our internal control over financial reporting will prevent all errors and all fraud. A control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. Further, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent

limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, have been detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision making can be faulty, and that breakdowns can occur because of a simple error or mistake. Additionally, controls can be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people or by management override of the controls. The design of any system of controls also is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions; over time, controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or the degree of compliance with policies or procedures may deteriorate. Because of the inherent limitations in a cost-effective control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected.

## PART II—OTHER INFORMATION

## Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

From time to time, we are involved in various claims and legal actions that arise in the ordinary course of business. We are not a party to any legal proceedings, that individually or in the aggregate, are reasonably expected to have a material adverse effect on our consolidated results of operations, financial condition or cash flows. However, the results of these matters cannot be predicted with certainty, and an unfavorable resolution of one or more matters could have a material adverse effect on our consolidated results of operations, financial condition or cash flows.

For the period ended September 30, 2024, there were no material legal proceedings brought against us nor were there any material developments to any ongoing legal proceedings which constituted reportable events.

## Item 1A. Risk Factors.

Investing in our Class A common stock involves a high degree of risk. You should carefully consider the risks and uncertainties described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023 under Part I, Item 1A, "Risk Factors," together with all of the other information in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, including the sections titled "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and our condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes, before making a decision to invest in our Class A common stock. Our business, financial condition, results of operations, or prospects could also be harmed by risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently do not believe are material. If any of the risks actually occur, our business, financial condition, results of operations, and prospects could be adversely affected. In that event, the market price of our Class A common stock could decline, and you could lose part or all of your investment.

There have been no material changes to our risk factors as previously disclosed in Item 1A. contained in Part I of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023.

## Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

Not applicable.

### Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.

Not applicable.

## Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.

Not applicable.

## Item 5. Other Information.

## **Securities Trading Plans of Directors and Executive Officers**

During our last fiscal quarter, our directors and officers (as defined in Rule 16a-1(f) under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) adopted or terminated the contracts, instructions or written plans for the purchase or sale of the Company's securities set forth in the table below.

			•.=	gement			
Name and Position	Action	Adoption/Termination Date	Rule 10b5	- Non-Rule 10b5-1**	Total Shares of Class A Common Stock to be Sold	Total Shares of Class A Common Stock to be Purchased	Expiration Date
Name and Fosition	Action	Adoption/ Termination Date	1	1003-1	Stock to be Solu	Furchaseu	Expiration Date
James Miln, CFO	Adopted	9/12/2024	X	-	49,638	-	3/15/2026

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<sup>\*</sup> Contract, instruction or written plan intended to satisfy the affirmative defense conditions of Rule 10b5-1(c) under the Exchange Act.

<sup>\*\* &</sup>quot;Non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement" as defined in Item 408(c) of Regulation S-K under the Exchange Act.

## Item 6. Exhibits.

The documents listed in the Exhibit Index of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are herein incorporated by reference or are filed with this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, in each case as indicated therein (numbered in accordance with Item 601 of Regulation S-K).

Exhibit Number	Description
3.1	Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Xometry, Inc., (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's
	Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-40546), filed with the SEC on July 2, 2021).
3.2	Amended and Restated Bylaws of Xometry, Inc., (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Company's Current Report on
	Form 8-K (File No. 001-40546), filed with the SEC on July 2, 2021).
31.1*	Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as
	Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2*	Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as
	Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1**	Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley
	<u>Act of 2002.</u>
32.2**	Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley
	<u>Act of 2002.</u>
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document – the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because XBRL tags are embedded
	within the Inline XBRL document.
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema With Embedded Linkbase Documents
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document)

 <sup>\*</sup> Filed herewith.

<sup>\*\*</sup> These certifications are being furnished solely to accompany this quarterly report pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, and are not being filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and are not to be incorporated by reference into any filing of the registrant, whether made before or after the date hereof, regardless of any general incorporation language in such filing.

## **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

	XOMETRY, INC	j.
Date: November 5, 2024	By:	/s/ Randolph Altschuler
		Randolph Altschuler
		Chief Executive Officer and Director
		(Principal Executive Officer)
Date: November 5, 2024	By:	/s/ James Miln
		James Miln
		Chief Financial Officer
		(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)
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# CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULES 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

- I, Randolph Altschuler, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Xometry, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(f)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 5, 2024	By:	/s/ Randolph Altschuler
		Randolph Altschuler
		Chief Executive Officer and Director
		(Principal Executive Officer)

# CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULES 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

## I, James Miln, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Xometry, Inc.;
- Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(f)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 5, 2024	By:	/s/ James Miln
		James Miln
		Chief Financial Officer
		(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

# CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Xometry, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2024 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
 The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: November 5, 2024

By: /s/ Randolph Altschuler

Randolph Altschuler

Chief Executive Officer and Director
(Principal Executive Officer)

# CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Xometry, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2024 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
 The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: November 5, 2024	Ву:	/s/ James Miln
		James Miln
		Chief Financial Officer
		(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)